The Columbian.

VOL. 40. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY OCTOBER 12, 1905. NO. 41

ADDING NEW ACCOUNTS.

AT THE

Farmers National Bank.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $140,000.

We are constantly adding new accounts and our business is increasing at a very satisfactory rate. If you have not already opened an account with us, we invite you to do so now.

In Point of Business Success and Financial Strength this Bank Occupies Front Rank.

C. M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF

The Bloomsburg National Bank

At close of Business Friday, August 25th, 1905.

COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY'S CALL.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans - -	$238,127.09	Capital Stock, -	$100,000.00
United States Bonds	100,000.00	Surplus and Profits,	26,773.28
Other Bonds, -	178,904.92	Circulation, -	100,000.00
Furniture & Fixtures,	8,000.00	Bank Deposits,	14,667,07
Cash and Resrve,	80,493.60	Individual Deposits,	364,085.26
	$605,525.61		$605,525.61

A. Z. SCHOCH, President. WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier.

Ben Gidding

3 for 1

Trading Stamps ALL THIS WEEK.

BEN GIDDING

Corner Main and Center Sts.

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

MASS MEETING

The Campaign Opened Here by W. H. Berry, and Eugene Bonniwell, Esq.

DEMOCRATS ENTHUSED

The first political meeting of the campaign was held in the Court House on Tuesday evening. Every seat was filled and the audience listened to the excellent speeches with rapt attention, and showed their appreciation by frequent applause. The speakers were Hon. W. H. Berry, candidate for state treasurer, and Eugene Bonniwell, Esq., of Philadelphia. The meeting was called to order by County Chairman Clinton Herring, who made some very practical remarks on the local campaign. Geo. B. Elwell, Esq., was chosen to preside, and J. C. Rutter Jr. and C. E. Randall elected secretaries.

The Catawissa and Orangeville bands were both here and discoursed fine music on the street and in the hall. Many representative Democrats from all parts of the county came to hear the speeches, and Chairman Herring's first meeting was a great success in every way.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

The regular monthly meeting of the town council was held on Monday night. Col. Freeze presented a petition signed by residents of Center street asking for an arc light at Center street and Pine Alley. Referred to committee.

President Yetter reported that work had been stopped on Center street paving because the brick were not perfect. The company promises to replace them.

A number of pavements were ordered laid. A double crossing was ordered over Seventh street at Strawberry Alley.

Residents on West Third street remonstrated against the removal of the arc light from the alley to Barton street. Crossing was ordered laid on East Fourth over Penn street. Contract for rebuilding arch over run west of Market, was awarded to J. Gross, lowest bidder, for $40.

W. V. Robbins presented his bond as tax collector, Title Guaranty & Trust Co. of Scranton, surety, which was approved. It was ordered that unpaid taxes for 1904 be settled by January 1st., 1906, and that liens be filed for any remaining unpaid at that time.

An ordinance was passed fixing a license of $4.00 for each non-resident hack.

Committee on light was instructed to ask for bids from the electric light companies for a new contract.

The solicitor was instructed to prepare an ordinance regulating the speed of automobiles in town. The committee on water was instructed to get a new contract with the Water Co. and report at next meeting. After passing bills the meeting adjourned.

Dining Hall at Fair.

Grace Lutheran Church of West Berwick has charge of the dining hall at the fair grounds this week. Rev. H. E. Harman, the pastor, spent some time in purchasing turkeys and chickens, and secured over 100 of the former, and 200 of the latter. The same church had charge of the dining hall last year, and they served an excellent meal. Though at great inconvenience in bringing their provisions so far, they served every one very satisfactorily last year, and are expecting to handle even larger crowds this year.

THIRTY YEARS

Owing to absence from home we neglected to mention in our issue of September 28th that the COLUMBIAN had completed thirty years under its present management. On October 1st, 1875, the present editor became a partner in the paper, and though several changes have taken place since then, he remains now as the sole proprietor.

Much has transpired during that thirty years. Bloomsburg has grown and developed, and her population has been doubled. Printing offices have increased from three to a dozen or more in the county. Local daily newspapers and the rural free delivery routes have made it much harder to edit a country weekly than it was in the days before their advent. Nevertheless the weekly still retains its distinctive field, and notwithstanding the increase in the number of newspaper offices, the COLUMBIAN has kept up with the procession, and still retains its reputation as the largest and best printing establishment in this section. THE COLUMBIAN, so long as it remains under the present management, will continue to be a clean and reliable family newspaper, democratic in politics, advocating that which it believes to be for the best interests of the whole party, and never the tool or organ of any ring or faction, and always advocating that which it believes to be for the good of the community without regard to politics.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Charles L. Pohe and Jerry A. Hess were regularly nominated for the office of county commissioner by the Democratic county convention last June. Under the rules of the party they were declared the nominees, and as such they ought to have the support of every Democrat. Mr. Pohe received the highest vote of any candidate at the primaries, and there can be no possible question as to the rule in his case. Mr. Hess received the highest vote on this side of the river, and following the decision of Judge Dunham in the Fisher case three years ago, he was declared the nominee. All the other candidates took their chances, and announced themselves as candidates *subject to the rules of the democratic party*. Having done this, it is not a square deal to enter the field as an independent candidate, and it would not be fair nor right to defeat a man regularly nominated just because the rule under which he was nominated may not be entirely satisfactory. If the rule is not right, let it be changed, but until it is changed let us stand by it. That is the only way to maintain our party organization and supremacy. Any other action at this time might put two republicans into the commissioners office. Vote for Pohe and Hess.

Cows by Express.

Seven cows, bought at the sale at John R. Bennett farms at Danville last Thursday were shipped from Danville by the Adams Express Co. on Friday. Each one was in crate, and they were sent in a special car to Knoxville, Tennessee. J. P. McDonald was the purchaser.

J. W. McRoberts of Aledo, Illinois, and Mrs. Eliza Hoffman of Montoursville were here on Monday and Tuesday. Mrs. Hoffman is a sister of the late Joseph Weaver, and the only one of the family living. Mr. McRoberts is a son of Mrs. Phoebe Adams deceased, who was also a sister of Joseph Weaver.

The Royal Arcanum.

It Offers Stronger Inducements to New Members Than Ever Before.

It is Life Insurance at Net Cost

Never before have the workers of the Royal Arcanum had such a strong argument to present to their friends and associates as an inducement to join the Royal Arcanum. The new plan embodies the best modern thought in fraternal protection. It allows the new member to choose the method of securing his protection best suited to his personal convenience.

First of all the Royal Arcanum has a fraternal record of over twenty-eight years. It has collected and disbursed nearly one hundred million dollars. It has exemplified the principle of fraternity in all the forms incident to our modern American life. It has visited the sick, comforted the bereaved, protected orphan children, alleviated the distress caused by fire and flood, developed and cultivated innumerable friendships, protected the community from pauperism, and exercised the most extended influence in elevating the great middle class of our people.

All this has been done by a combination of fraternity and business. Its business methods started on a haphazard scale of assessments. From its own experience it has wrought out a plan for furnishing protection at actual cost which has stood the test of scientific analysis and has proven to be correct and adequate.

No more haphazard assessments, no more readjustment of rates of assessment, no more re-rating of members at their attained ages, no more questions about the future cost of protection, and no more question as to how long the Order can possibly live. The Order will continue along the same fraternal lines as heretofore, but with perfected plans, rates scientifically adjusted and maximum cost assured. There will no longer be the necessity for Councils and members to be continually reaching out and urging reluctant acquaintances to join the Order. The rates will take care of the claims under normal conditions, and our workers can exercise discrimination by introducing into the Order only the very best material within the sphere of their acquaintance.

To preserve the normal conditions, after they have been restored, it will only be necessary to replace by new members those who have passed over or lapsed. The labor and strength required to work up class initiations and make a large growth will be unnecessary. In its place will be substituted the occasional presentation of the Order to a friend who will be socially acceptable to the Council, who is a believer in fraternity, and not merely a seeker after the cheapest form of life insurance for the largest amount he can obtain.

The new Royal Arcanum will exemplify in a still greater degree the aims and possibilities of a modern brotherhood. It will be composed of men who are willing to pay the cost of their protection, who believe in fraternity, and desire to practice it without loading a portion of their own burdens upon others. "Bear ye one another's burdens" will have a new meaning and exemplification. Fraternity will resume its real place in the Order. Each member will assume his own share of the common burden, and those who are strong will have an opportunity to assist, in individual cases, those who are weak.

Under such inspirations will the new era dawn upon the Royal Arcanum. Let every loyal member preach this gospel to his friends! Omit the claim for cheap protection and substitute therefor Royal Arcanum permanent protection at cost, with fraternity as the basis upon which it stands and as the inspiration of its growth and perpetuity.

Johnny Get a Gun

While You Can Get Such Values at J. G. WELLS'.

The following well known American gun, single barrel, self ejector, made by Hopkins & Allen, they are beauties, always $6.00, now yours for $3.98.

No use in explaining the American double barrel gun made by the Hartford Arms Co. Well, we are letting this gun go for $14.00.

The Stevens Arms Co., double barrel guns, good values at $18, now yours for $14.50.

Don't forget we have the Belgium double barrel gun, honest value $10.00, as a leader we make it $6.98.

For Sale by

J. G. Wells.

St Gabriel's.

St. Gabriel's Church, Cole's Creek, has undergone some repairs recently. Bishop Darlington offered fifty dollars towards painting the church if the congregation would put new shingles on the roof. These improvements have been made, and the building is in better condition than in many years. It is hoped that funds can be raised to repair the rectory, and that the services of a regular pastor may soon be secured. For about twenty years the Rev. John Rockwell was the rector, and resided there permanently. Before his time, the church was served at intervals by the Rev. J. McA. Harding of Laporte. Since Mr. Rockwell's death there was no regular pastor until Christ Church at Berwick was organized, when it was placed in charge of the resident missionary there, who also served St. John's church at Catawissa. There is a vacancy at Berwick at present, so St. Gabriel's is without regular pastoral care.

At times the rectors of St. Paul's church, Bloomsburg, have held services there. When the old church was destroyed twenty-five years ago or more, it was rebuilt largely through the efforts of Col. J. G. Freeze and Rev. John Hewitt. The parish is one of the oldest in the diocese, and for many years it has been kept alive by the interest taken in it by the late John Swartwout of Cole's Creek, and his family.

Beware of Pickpockets.

At every fair reports come in of the many people whose pockets have been picked. The thieves will be here next week, and every one should be on the lookout for them. The point usually worked is at the entrances to the grand stand when there is a crowd. Keep your money in a safe place, and don't carry any more with you than is necessary.

The Leader Store Co., Ltd.

Fourth and Market Streets

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

BEFORE making your Fall purchases it will be to your advantage to see our line of

Furniture, Carpets and Rugs

Lace and Tapestry Curtains and Portieres

Dress Goods, Trimmings and Laces

Notions, Shoes, Groceries

Quality, "Just Right"
Styles, "Just Right"
Prices, "Just Right"

THE LEADER STORE CO., LTD.

4TH AND MARKET STREETS.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

LIFE INSURANCE MATTERS

An Article Intended to Give an Idea of the Subject

THE MORTALITY TABLES

Premium, Reserve and Endowment Policies Explained—Few Understand System — One American Company has Four and a Half Times as much as France.

In the United States to-day there is in force nearly $15,000,000,000 worth of life insurance. This vast sum is nearly twice as great as the sum total of life insurance in force in England, Germany, France and Russia.

Scientific life insurance is based upon the knowledge that there is a natural law governing the mortality of the race by which may be determined the average lifetime of a large number of persons at a given age. True, it cannot be predicted in what year any particular individual will die, but it may be determined with approximate accuracy how many persons out of a given number will die at any specified age.

If the mortuary records of any community are studied and the various ages noted at which the several deaths have occurred, it will be found that the yearly mortality is governed by a law which is practically invariable. Suppose, for example, that such an observation covers a period of time sufficient to include the history of 100,000 lives. Of these a certain number will be found dying at age 20, a larger number at age 30, and so on at the various ages, the extreme limit of life reached by any one being in the neighborhood of 100 years.

As a result of systematic study of mortality record life insurance companies have incorporated the results of their computations into what are called mortality tables. These tables reveal at a glance the inexorable workings of the natural law governing the mortality of the race. They show how many in any large number of persons born will live to age 30, how many to age 40 and how many to any other age. They also show the number that will die at each age and the average lifetime remaining to those still alive.

In the simplest form of life insurance a number of persons combine to create a common fund to be drawn upon in providing for the families of deceased members of the organization. This organization is called a mutual life insurance company, and a contract is made by the company with each member, fixing the amount to be paid in the event of his death to some member of his family, who is called the beneficiary.

One of the most popular forms of insurance to-day is endowment insurance. It has been devised for the person who may wish to make some provision for his own future as well as for the future of his descendants. An endowment policy is one which is payable to the insured himself if he lives through a specified number of years or to a stated age, or payable to his beneficiary in the event of his death before the specified period. There is a twenty-year endowment, a thirty-year endowment and so on.

At age 35 each of the 81,822 members of a company takes out a ten-year pure endowment policy of $1,000. During the next ten years the 7,649 members who die will receive nothing. At the end of that period the 74,173 survivors will be paid a total of $74,173,000. Find the present worth of this sum and proceed as in computing the net single and net annual premiums for ordinary life.

The net single premium for such an endowment policy is $642.65. This amount in ten years at 3½ per cent. compound interest will amount to only $906.52 instead of the face value of the policy, $1,000. This difference is made up by the premiums forfeited by the members who die during the term and who get nothing. Here comes in what is known as forfeiture in life insurance.

To obtain the net single premium of the more popular form of endowment, known as ten and twenty year endowment, suppose that each of the 81,822 members of the company, besides carrying pure endowment policies also carry term insurance of like amount covering the same period of ten years. Then each of the 7,649 persons who die during the ten years will receive $1,000 and thus by combining the premium of a policy the net single premium of a regular endowment is obtained.

There are innumerable other forms of policies, but these are representative and suffice to show how the premiums of all policies result from computations based upon the mortality table and the expenses incident to the running of a life insurance company.

The reserve in life insurance is simply the insurance fund or mortality fund of the company, from which all death claims are paid. The reserve is made up of the net annual premiums and the money these premiums will earn at 3½ per cent. compound interest. Neither net premiums nor the interest thereon can be devoted under the law to any other use than to the payment of death claims.

Anthony J. Henson.

So Easy.

Falling in love is just like falling into any other pitfall. It is easy enough to fall in, but sometimes very hard to climb out.

STATE IN THE FROG BUSINESS.

Pennsylvania Shipped 300,000 From One of its Hatcheries.

The largest lot of frogs ever grown in captivity in Pennsylvania were distributed from the Pleasant Mount hatchery, in Wayne County. Fish Commissioner Meehan decided last year to add frog culture to the service rendered by the fish commission, and a few were raised at the Corry and the Erie hatcheries and distributed. The experiment was successful, and frog raising, it was decided, should also be tried at the new Pleasant Mount station. There the frog crop was entirely successful, and the 300,000 were raised and sent out.

The process of raising young frogs is exceedingly interesting. When four or five days old they are ready to ship and are from 1½ to 2 inches long. When twelve days old they are worth 2 cents apiece for bass bait, so there is money in raising frogs if one knows how, since it is possible to grow 2,000,000 of them to the acre.

The frogs are shipped in cans of four hundred each, packed simply in wet moss.

The raising of frogs is easier than the raising of poultry. A frog a week old planted now will be fit for the table next year, and in two years will be a "monster."

Two kinds of frogs, the greenheads and the western, were raised at the hatchery, but the greenhead is preferred by epicures. The market price of edible frogs is from $1.50 to $3 a dozen.—Republican-Advance.

Gov. George R. Carter of Hawaii.

New Sugar for Diabetics.

A patent has recently been taken out in England for the commercial manufacture of laevulose, or fruit sugar. This substance has hitherto been so expensive ($1.50 a pound) as to preclude its general use. The inventor of the new process claims that he can furnish laevulose at a price which will enable it to compete with glucose.

Laevulose is of special importance because it can be taken by persons suffering from diabetes, who cannot eat cane sugar or ordinary starchy foods. It is further claimed that the inulin, a starchy substance from which the laevulose is made, is free from the deleterious effects of ordinary starch when taken by diabetics. Chicory roots and dahlia tubers are, it seems, very rich in inulin, and it is from these sources that the inulin is obtained for the manufacture of laevulose. These plants can be cultivated cheaply on a large scale. A portion of the inulin will be used for the manufacture of a bread for diabetic patients. The plants can be found in most of the States.

Education in Japan.

The number of public schools in Japan is at present 27,138, in which 5,084,099 children are taught by 108,360 teachers; 93.23 per cent. of all the children of school age went to these schools. In 1873 29 per cent. of school age children went to the public schools; in 1883 51 per cent. and in 1893 59 per cent. A rapid increase in attendance is noted after the Chinese war. The percentage of attendance of boys compared with that of girls was 40 to 15 in 1873; the difference now is only 7 per cent. The attendance at the various commercial and industrial schools was as follows: In 1901, 36,000; in 1902, 95,000—i. e., only 2,000 less than the number of intermediate schools. The university for women held its commencement exercises recently, 86 graduates receiving the so-called academy diploma and 132 the university diploma. Of those receiving the university diploma, 73 had studied housekeeping, 45 national literature, and 14 belonged to the "English" family. This university was founded for the purpose of educating women to be good wives and mothers.—Frankfurter Zeitung.

Criers at the Paris Halles.

The position of crier at the Paris Halles, or Central Markets, is one which, in view of recent revelations in a case before the law courts, ought not to be despised. The men who cry Gatinais fowls for sale earn £20 a month; those who sell Brittany fowls get £16 a month, and those who dispose of ducks only receive £10 per month. Rabbits bring the crier only a pittance, for £6 a month is all he gets. Not everybody can be a crier, for unless you have sound vocal chords and a passable voice you will not be engaged. It also requires a man with a strong constitution, for the crier is at work from 6 o'clock in the morning till 8 in the evening, and on an average he should sell 2,000 fowls per hour.—London Globe.

FRANCE AND EGYPT.

Almost as Many French as English in Egypt.

In view of the new Anglo-French agreement, it may not be out of place to note the extent of French interests in the valley of the Nile. These are enumerated in the Paris Temps, by M. Villiers, who maintains that, until now, France has preserved all her privileges, those she holds from the capitulations as well as those secured by the conventions of 1876 and 1879, viz., personal liberty, inviolability of domicile, exemption from taxation except custom dues, house tax, and the municipal tax at Alexandria, and a special jurisdiction. As to the more recent interests of the French they are, says M. Villiers, guaranteed by the Caisse re la Dette, and the agreement which created the mixed tribunals. There are in Egypt, according to the census of 1897, no fewer than 14,155 French subjects, as against 19,500 English, of whom 7,000 are soldiers and 6,500 Maltese speaking Italian. Of the 2,340,000,000 francs of the Egyptian Dette, 1,580,000,000 francs are held by Frenchmen. The majority of the shareholders and bondholders of the Credit Foncier Egyptien are French. The trade of France with Egypt amounts to between 60,000,000 and 70,000,000 francs. There are 108 French commercial establishments, and the landed property belonging to Frenchmen amounts in value to about 53,000,000 francs. Three-fifths of the directors of the Suez canal are French. French missionaries have 15,000 pupils speaking French in their schools. The French law school at Cairo, the French hospitals, and the French clubs continue to exist, while the French department for the study of Egyptian antiquities, upholds, says M. Villiers, "the traditions of our science in the road opened up for it by Bonaparte in 1798."

Chinese Worship of Stone Animals.

Francis H. Nichols in his journey through the Chinese province of Shensi saw a temple where stone animals were worshipped. He says: "In rows of heavily barred brick cages are stone images of animals. They are all life-size and are remarkably well executed. Among them are elephants, tigers, and monkeys, whose sculptors must have secured their models a long distance from Shensi, where the originals are not found. The stone animals stand for the Buddhist idea of reincarnation. They are worshipped as sacred and are supposed, in a vague way to be endowed with life. It is to prevent them from escaping and running away from their worshippers that the cages have wooden bars in front of them. Between the two temples was a pond where fish were fonged, or set at liberty. In its workings the system of fonging animals has very much the effect of a humane society on the western side of the world. On the theory that any of the brute creation may be the dwelling place of the soul of a former human being, lame and sick animals become the care of the priests; in some of the larger temples special provision is made for caring for the sick cats and dogs. To fong an animal of any kind is considered an act of supreme virtue. To obtain good luck a pious Chinaman will sometimes purchase a live fish and have a priest fong it. This is done by placing it in the pond reserved for the purpose near the temple."

London, New York, Berlin.

"I agree," writes a correspondent, "that your contributor was justified in saying in yesterday's Chronicle that there is nothing majestic about Berlin. On the other hand, it is certainly handsome and imposing. It is the only modern city I know of that has managed to escape looking artificial. The labor of building Greater Berlin has been most dexterously hidden. There is very little of the deadly uniformity, the Euclidian lines the prosaic precision one notices in New York. Berlin is something considerably better than a mere chessboard of brick and stone and mortar. The streets have a curved and enticing spaciousness; they are shaded with avenues of trees, faultlessly asphalted and clean with a cleanliness surpassing that of Paris. The architecture is rather too florid for English tastes; but for all that decidedly effective, and a drive from Unter der Linden to Charlottenburg will take one past a finer succession of houses than either London or New York can show. And even the official architecture, in spite of the Kaiser's directing patronage, has its points. There are no statues in the Siegesallee quite so unforgiveable as those in Central Park and the streets of London."—London Chronicle.

Man Lives in a Glass House.

Tonopah, Nev., enjoys the unique distinction of numbering among its inhabitants a man who lives in a glass house. In consequence of the scarcity and high prices of building material, William F. Peck, a miner, constructed of empty bottles a house 16 feet by 20 feet, with ceiling 8 feet high, containing two rooms. The inside walls are plastered with mortar.

Polygamous Monarchs.

No less than six foreign monarchs with whom the United States and other great Christian powers maintain diplomatic relations, accrediting ministers plenipotentiary to their courts, practice polygamy. They are the Moslem Sultan of Turkey and Shah of Persia, the Buddhist King of Siam, the Shintoist Mikado, the Confucian Emperor of China and the Emperor of Corea.

TEN MILE ARTIFICIAL LAKE.

One of the Results of the Government's Great Irrigation Plans.

When the National Irrigation Congress met in Portland it heard a report on the irrigation work carried on at Belle Fourche, S. D. There are larger undertakings upon which parts of the $25,000,000 appropriated by Congress are being spent, but at no place are the possibilities for reclaiming land greater. In the tract segregated for irrigation there are 465,000 acres, on both sides of the Belle Fourche River.

The project has under way the construction of two immense dams. The first will be more than 400 feet in length and will serve to divert the waters of the Belle Fourche River, Grow, Owl, Indian Horse, and Willow creeks into a canal leading to the main reservoir. This canal will be six and a half miles long, forty feet wide at the bottom and fifty-eight feet wide at the waterline. The dam to hold back the water in the main reservoir will be between 4,000 and 5,000 feet in length, 125 feet high, 500 feet thick at the base and 100 feet wide on top. The total cost will be $3,000,000.

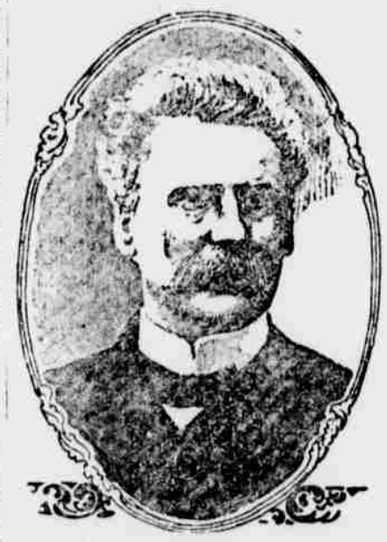
This obstruction will impound a lake ten miles long and three miles wide at its broadest point. The country which will surround this artificial lake is most picturesque, being among the foothills of the famous Black Hills.

Writes Flywheel Insurance.

Only one company issues flywheel insurance because only one man can write it. He is monarch of all his inspectors survey; his right there is none to dispute. Two years ago he was a professor in a small engineering college with some theories and figures of his own about flywheels.

His success is largely due to his own formula, for flywheel insurance is almost pure mathematics. When a wheel is revolved at a high enough speed the centrifugal force exceeds the centripetal and the wheel flies apart. Solid cast iron explodes when the speed at the rim is, roughly, three miles a minute. A thick rim explodes just as easily as a thin one of the same material. Wood explodes at a greater speed, jointed iron at a less.

The underwriter allows a rim speed of a mile a minute, one third the explosion rate, as a safe limit for solid iron wheels. This permits a two foot pulley wheel sixteen revolutions a second, while it keeps a sixteen foot flywheel down to two. A jointed wheel is allowed still less. The underwriter has only to name the number of revolutions he authorizes, and to proportion his premium to the size of the wheel. The larger the wheel, of course, the more destructive its explosion.—Leslie's Magazine.



M. Bathner,

Norway's statesman and soldier, urged that no concessions be made to Sweden. He is the Government's auditor.

Tailor's Life Saving Coat.

A London tailor has invented a new life saving coat and gaiters, with which it is possible for a person clothed therein to maintain an upright position when immersed in the water, even if not possessing any knowledge of swimming.

The coat resembles in appearance an ordinary pilot coat, but it is fitted with an air belt, which is inflated with air through a tube. The gaiters each weigh two pounds and are fitted with two brass wings or blades fastened to the back of the heel. As the wearer moves his feet in the water these wings open and shut, and not only propel the wearer along like oars but enable him to maintain an upright position from the waist upward in the water.

A practical demonstration of the utility of the invention was recently undertaken in the River Thames by the inventor and its efficiency and life saving qualities clearly shown, even when moving against the tide. —Scientific American.

Digging for Fish.

The natives of certain parts of India are in the habit every year, in the summer, of digging the dry river banks for fish, which they dig out by hundreds, just as they would potatoes. The lumps are broken open, and the fish, perhaps 8 or 10 inches long, will be found alive, and often frisky, as if just removed from its supposed native element, the water.

In Switzerland there is a law which forbids the sale of hats measuring more than eighteen inches in diameter, and artificial flowers and foreign feathers are also, in most cantons, heavily penalized.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK CITY.

List of Jurors for December Term

GRAND JURORS

Beishline, Lewis, Fishingcreek.
Bower, H. F., Briarcreek.
Carl, Joseph, Catawissa twp.
Casey, Wm. J., Bloomsburg.
Capwell, Wm. S., Bloomsburg.
Culp, W. A., Berwick.
Edgar, John, Benton twp.
Freas, C. W. Berwick.
Fritz, Ray, Jackson.
Girton, A. E., Pine.
Hummer, George, Sugarloaf.
Hirleman, C. L., Benton Boro.
Hughes, John, Locust.
Hauch, C. B., Main.
John, Wesley J., Main.
Lemon, Theodore, Greenwood.
Miller, S. A., Greenwood.
Pensyl, Ray, Bloomsburg.
Rhoads, Isaiah, Cleveland.
Ruckle, John, Benton twp.
Roberts, W. H., Catawissa twp.
Runyon, C. W., Bloomsburg.
Rice, Chas., Bloomsburg.
Strauch, Elmer I., Jackson.

JURORS—FIRST WEEK

Alpeter, Rev. Peter, Catawissa.
Adams, Emanuel, Locust.
Bomboy, Paul, Bloomsburg.
Blank, Levi, Berwick.
Creveling, Daniel, Bloomsburg.
Coffman, Wm., Bloomsburg.
Cadman, B. F., Millville.
Derr, Calvin, Jackson.
Fairchilds, J. M., Briarcreek.
Goodhart, Wm., Mifflin.
Girton, Clark, Main.
Gerrity, Wm. J., Centralia.
Hoagland, Alfred, Roaringcreek.
Hess, H. W., Mifflin.
Hauck, J. S. Mifflin.
Hagenbuch, O. D., Stillwater.
Helwig, Charles, Locust.
Hartman, Charles, Hemlock.
Ikeler, R. R., Bloomsburg.
Johnson, Chester M., Madison.
Kline, Clark, Greenwood.
Lemon, Elliot, Fishingcreek.
Mummy, Albert, Beaver.
Mensch, Wm., Montour.
Murray, Geo. L., Catawissa twp.
Nuss, J. B., Main.
Oliver, Daniel, Berwick.
Ohl, Austin, Scott.
O'Brian, O. G., Benton Boro.
Ruckle, Taylor, Montour.
Palmer, Hiram, Bloomsburg.
Rhoads, Clark, Cleveland.
Reilly, C. M., Bloomsburg.
Roadarmel, Wm. G., Conyngham.
Richart, John A., Roaringcreek.
Ralston, Roy, Bloomsburg.
Shultz, D. A., Madison.
Snyder, Henry W., Cleveland.
Stevens, Elias, Jackson.
Vansickle, Floyd, Sugarloaf.
Whitmoyer, R. F., Pine.
Thomas, H. W., Madison.
Trump, Chas., Orange twp.
Yaple, Jeremiah M., Fishingcreek.
Yorks, C. E., Sugarloaf.
Yeager, Wilson, Berwick.
Hippensteel, Joe, Scott.
Ferguson, Wm., Bloomsburg.

JURORS—SECOND WEEK

Ash, W. S., Briarcreek.
Betz, Miles W., Bloomsburg.
Brobst, M. L., Mt. Pleasant.
Chamberlain, James, Pine.
Crawford, Clinton, Mt. Pleasant.
Clossen, Pugh, Orange twp.
Demott, Cyrus, Millville.
Davis, C. W., Briarcreek.
Evans, Abner A., Briarcreek.
Evans, Warland, Montour.
Grimes, B. R., Millville.
Holdren, George, Pine.
Hess, H. G. Berwick.
Ikeler, B. A., Mt. Pleasant.
Johnson, A. B., Pine.
Kashner, Peter, Montour.
Kerrigan, James, Conyngham.
Kline, Henry, Mt. Pleasant.
Kramer, Chas., Madison.
Labor, George, Fishingcreek.
Low, Zerbin, Orangeville.
Larish, C. L., Sugarloaf.
Lazarus, Emanuel, Bloomsburg.
Marteenie, Clem., Berwick.
Nuss, Henry, Mifflin.
Rowan, Dennis, Conyngham.
Ruckle, B. J., Mt. Pleasant.
Stahl, Wm., Centre.
Savage, John, Jackson.
Shaffer, E. W., Mt. Pleasant.
Trump, Jas., Orange twp.
Van Liew, G. W., Fishingcreek.
Welsh, Orval, Orange twp.
Hartman, Pierce, Sugarloaf.
Sitler, Sylvester, Centre.
Zaner, Wm. P., Main.

Want Shorter Hours

Railroad Employees Will Make a Concerted Move to Secure Them

Preparations are under way for a concerted movement on the part of the big railroad brotherhoods to secure a reduction of the present working hours for railway employees all over the country. The movement already has been discussed in the grand councils of the order. It is said that it will assume definite form within the next two months. The grievance committee of many western roads will gather in Chicago in December at the same time the schedules govern wages and hours will expire on at least three western roads, the North-western, the Burlington and the St. Paul. According to plans now laid the opportunity will be seized to broach the proposed demands of the employees. The present hours of work on the railroads range from ten to fourteen, but in no case are they fixed. This is due to the nature of the employment. The brotherhoods, it is said, have no intention of appealing for a limited work day. They have planned to seek a general reduction which shall be proportionate in all branches of the railroad service.

Good Investment of One Dollar.

If you have bad breath, constipation, pain in the small of the back, discolored skin, nervousness or dizziness, your only wise course is to take Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y. It will cleanse the blood of all impurities, regulate the Kidneys and Liver, and thus restore a healthy glow to your cheeks again.

The Royal Mouth and the Royal Disease.

Sudden changes of weather are especially trying, and probably to none more so than to the scrofulous and consumptive. The progress of scrofula during a normal October is commonly great. We never think of scrofula—its bunches, cutaneous eruptions, and wasting of the bodily substance—without thinking of the great good many sufferers from it have derived from Hood's Sarsaparilla, whose radical and permanent cures of this one disease are enough to make it the most famous medicine in the world. There is probably not a city or town where Hood's Sarsaparilla has not proved its merit in more homes than one, in arresting and completely eradicating scrofula, which is almost as serious and as much to be feared as its near relative,—consumption.

In some of the Swiss valleys the inhabitants are all afflicted with goitre or "thick neck." Instead of regarding this as a deformity they seem to think it a natural feature of physical development, and tourists passing through the valleys are sometimes jeered by the goitrous inhabitants, because they are without this offensive swelling. Thus a form of disease may become so common that it is regarded as a natural and necessary condition of life. It is so, to a large extent, with what are called diseases of women. Every woman suffers more or less from irregularity, ulceration, debilitating drains, or female weakness, and this suffering is so common and so universal that many women accept it as a condition natural and necessary to their sex. But it is a condition as unnatural as it is unnecessary. The use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription strengthens the delicate womanly organs and regulates the womanly functions, so that woman is practically delivered from the pain and misery which eat up ten years of her life—between the ages of fifteen and forty-five. "Favorite Prescription" makes weak women strong and sick women well.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington D. C. Oct. 9, 1905.

The final outcome of the row in the government Printing Office probably will be the selection of an outsider to permanently fill the post of Public Printer. This will reduce Mr Rickets to his former position of foreman and will insure the presence of a fresh man in command who has neither old favors nor old grudges to repay in connection with the unsavory fight that led to the discharge of Public Printer Palmer. No one has suggested that Mr. Ricketts who is the temporary head of the big shop is not a good man for the place and he has tried since he has been in office to do what he could to remedy some of the abuses that existed there. In fact some of his orders and actions while good in themselves, savor largely of the grandstand, and though it is understood that he has made a strong fight to be given the place permanently, it is said that the President will not hear of it and is merely waiting till he can put his hand on a satisfactory outside man.

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The question of Chinese exclusion came up at the very first meeting of the cabinet, and Secretary Root, the new head of the State Department, asked Secretary Taft to give the cabinet the benefit of his experiences in the Far East. The Chinese boycott was one of the things Secretary Taft had been especially commissioned to investigate. He said that the law as it stood was difficult if not impossible of enforcement. It was a hardship on the desirable class of chinese merchants who wished in good faith to visit this country and it was equally hard on the consuls who had the law of vising passports to enforce. The President has already sent a circular letter to the consuls and imigration inspectors at San Francisco warning them to be as lenient as possible in enforcing the law so as not to unnecessarily offend the Chinese government. It is possible that there will be an effort at the coming session to change the law on the subject of exclusion and make it more in accordance with the wishes of the Chinese government without entirely letting down the bars. But the chances are that such a measure would be talked to death, for the whole Pacific coast will arise against it

***

The attitude of the stand patters was well voiced by Representative Dalzell of Pennsylvania today in an interview in which he said that he was as determined as ever that there would be no tariff tinkering at the coming session. He said that the large majority by which President Roosevelt was elected was not a tribute to him personally but an indorsement by the people of the whole policy of the Republican party. He added that the deficit "showed signs" of being reduced whatever that might mean and declared that he and his Republican colleagues were perfectly satisfied with the situation. "What is the use," said he, "Of drawing cards when you have a full hand?" This seems to be the attitude of the majority leaders as a whole but it is possible some of them will experience a change of heart after the meeting of congress.

***

Representative Dalzell said that he was in favor of the ultimate abolition of the Phillipine tariff, but gave it as his reason for wanting nothing done at this time that the treaty under which we secured the archipelago, guaranteed to Spain for the period of ten years the same commercial footing in the islands as the United States. He said that it would be unwise to throw the island open to free trade and give Spain the benefit of the remainder of the ten years on that basis.

***

It is very sure that there will be a strong effort at the coming session to bring up the bill of Representative Bourke Cockran providing for publicity in connection with campaign contributions. It will be recollected that the bill provided for the registering with the country authorities every campaign contibution of over $50. Such a measure would absolutely kill the practical blackmail levied on big corporations, such as was evidently done by the Republican party last fall. It is stated in good authority that while in the campaign of 1896 the Republican fund amounted to $4,000,000 and the Democratic to only $300,000, the discrepancy last year was much greater, and that much of the easy money thus collected was used, of course without the Presiden's knowledge, for purposes of bribery and corruption.

There was some inclination to laugh at the Cochran bill when it was introduced last session, but developments since then have made it very plain that it would be a wise measure to enact. The trouble would be to get it enacted.

***

The question of a warship to take the President from New Orleans to Hampton Roads has been thoroughly discussed at the Navy Department and it is thought that instead of taking some small protected cruiser of the Tacoma class, the department will assign one of the newest and fastest armored cruisers for that duty. The selection has not been made but it probably will be the Pennsylvania, which holds the speed record for her class. It is also likely that a second ship will be assigned for escort duty. This is not only in keeping with foreign practice, but is a wise precaution as well.

Tired Nervous

When you feel languid, tired, nervous and irritable, your vitality is low—your supply of nerve energy exhausted, and your system running down for lack of power,

The organs of the body are working poorly, or not at all, and you are not getting the nourishment needed. This soon impoverishes the blood and instead of throwing off the impurities, distributes it all through the body. This brings disease and misery.

Feed the nerves with Dr. Miles' Nervine, a nerve food, a nerve medicine, that nourishes and strengthens the nerves, and see how quickly you will get strong and vigorous.

"My wife suffered with nervousness previous to a recent attack of typhoid fever, but after her recovery from the fever, she was much worse, and could hardly control herself being exceedingly nervous when the least excited. She was very restless at night, and never had a good night's rest. She also suffered much from nervous headache. Dr. Miles' Nervine was recommended by a friend. After the first three doses she had a good night's rest, and at the end of the first week's treatment she was wonderfully improved. Continued use of Nervine has completed her entire cure."

OTTO KOLB,
1021 Cherry St., Evansville, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails, he will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

GENERAL NEWS

Notwithstanding the silence of the government the real fact is disclosed that Japan made peace at Portsmouth in fear of financial breakdown. The war proved more costly than had been calculated and the rice and cereal crops seemed doomed to failure. Instead of sunlight and warmth during the month of August, when the crops ripen, there was continuous rain and exceedingly cold weather.

While some improvement may still be in store, it is certain that the rice crop promises to be from 15 to 20 per cent. below the average and far below last year's crop when it was marvelously large.

Six months more of war would have meant very hard times, for the masses of the people are very poor and rice is their bread and meat.

A spectacular stampede from towns in southeastern Alaska has followed the discovery of a quartz ledge 3,000 feet in length assaying from $3,000 to $30,000 a ton on Chichagof Island, south of Sitka.

Edward Degroff, United States commissioner at Sitka, is in Seattle with samples assaying $20,000 to $30,000 to the ton. He declares it is the richest fiield ever uncovered on the western coast of North America.

The stampede was made in small boats during a storm, and several parties may be lost.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address:

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

GOLD MEDALS.

Given to Horses Which Went Through the Boer Campaign.

We have previously referred to the fact that several of the horses that went through the South African campaign have been decorated with war medals, and a correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette, who was passing the Horse Guards the other day has expressed to our contemporary his wonderment at seeing a medal depending from the martingale of one of the sentries' mounts. It was a South African medal, with no fewer than six bars and the ribbon. "I asked," the correspondent says, "the young giant sitting on the horse's back, whether the medal with the six bars belonged to him or the horse. 'To the horse,' he said. Then in answer to further queries, he told me the horse was one of 260 originally sent out to South Africa, with their troop, and the only one that after 15 months' service had come back, and there he was still fit for work and for warfare. The medal, the soldier said, had been specially awarded to his mount by the queen." As a matter of fact quite a large number of horses have been similarly decorated, and they are not the only animals upon which the distinction of a medal has been conferred. A decoration has been bestowed on the Welsh Fusiliers' goat; and a dog, which accompanied another infantry regiment throughout the war, has been selected for a similar honor. Nevertheless, it is a fact that there are several thousands of men, having, as regulars or volunteers fought from end to end of the campaign, are still waiting for their decorations, and many indeed, appear to have renounced all hope of ever receiving them.

Havana's Cemetery.

Havana's cemetery is typical of the burying places of all Spanish-American countries. It consists of a wall eight to ten feet thick, honeycombed with niches for the reception of coffins, and surrounding a plot of land which is never used for burial purposes, and is usually in a neglected condition. The cemetery is run by the municipal authorities and the niches are rented. The payment required upon the sealing of one of these holes in the wall insures an undisturbed resting place for its contents for three or five years from that time, according to the particular custom of the locality. Then an annual rental must be paid for a period of twenty-five years, at the end of which time the tenant gets a title in perpetuity. But how few ever find a last resting place in one of these niches is shown by the fact that, despite the tremendous increase in population since it was built two or three centuries ago, the cemetery has never been enlarged, and there are always plenty of vacancies. Upon default of payment of the rental the bones are raked out of the niche, and it is ready for the next occupant. The bones are placed in one corner of the cemetery, and there, at least, they lie undisturbed through the passing years as the pile constantly grows larger.—Ex.

The Smallest Known Thing.

Perhaps I may attempt to illustrate the profound truth, enunciated in a recent art critique in this paper, that large and small are not absolute but relative terms. The electron—which was referred to as the smallest thing we know—bears to the atom of which it is a constituent a relation all but incredible. This is the way Sir Oliver Lodge puts it. Let us imagine an atom as large as St. Paul's Cathedral. The electrons which circle within it will then be about the size of this full stop. The distances between the electrons will be comparable, relatively to their size, to those between the planets of the solar system. Now let us see what is the real size of this atom thus magnified to the size of St. Paul's. Lord Kelvin has answered that. He calculated that if a drop of water were magnified to the size of the earth its constituent atoms would be somewhere between the size of small shot and cricket balls. Having thus obtained an idea as to the size of an atom, try to conceive to the electron, which bears to it the relation that a full stop bears to St. Paul's Cathedral. Large and small are terms relative to the mind of man who coined them, and the best answer to the annotator who declares that the Dutch painters taught the insignificance of man is that saying of the Greek philosopher, "Man is the measure of all things."—Pall Mall Gazette.

When Bees Were Used in War.

There are at least two recorded instances in which bees have been used as weapons of defense in war. When the Roman general Lucullus was warring against Mithridates, he sent a force against the city of Themiscyra. As they besieged the walls, the inhabitants threw down on them myriads of swarms of bees. These at once began an attack which resulted in the raising of the siege. These doughty little insects were also once used with equal success in England. Chester was besieged by the Danes and Norwegians, but its Saxon defenders threw down on them the beehives of the town, and the siege was soon raised.

Women Ministers in U. S.

Fifty-three women in the United States have been regularly ordained and are doing the full work of ministers. Forty-five of the fifty-three are married, although some of them were ordained before marriage. Most of them have independent parishes, where they preach, make pastoral visits and officiate at marriages and at funerals.

FOR BOTH

One disease of thinness in children is scrofula; in adults, consumption. Both have poor blood; both need more fat. These diseases thrive on leanness. Fat is the best means of overcoming them; cod liver oil makes the best and healthiest fat and

SCOTT'S EMULSION

is the easiest and most effective form of cod liver oil. Here's a natural order of things that shows why Scott's Emulsion is of so much value in all cases of scrofula and consumption. More fat, more weight, more nourishment, that's why.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists
409-415 Pearl Street, New York
50c. and $1.00 all druggists

THE VALUE OF AN EGG

Some Interesting Facts and Figures About the Hen's Product

The Average Size and its Composition—Its Nutritive Qualities—Should be Eaten Raw or Lightly Cooked

Here are some facts and figures relative to the hen's egg, says *Success*, which may not be without interest to the student of poultry possibilities. Its average length is two and twenty seven hundredths inches, its average diameter at the broad end, one and seventy-two hundredths inches, and it weighs about one-eighth of a pound. The pullets are smaller than those of old hens. The shell constitutes about 11 per cent, the yolk 32 per cent and the white 57 per cent of the total egg. Chemically speaking the egg consists of two nutrients—protein and fat—together with some water and a small quantity of mineral matter. Popular belief to the contrary, there is no difference in the nutritive qualities of eggs with dark shells and those with light. Their flavor is affected by the food of the fowl, for good or for evil. Exhaustive experiments by well equipped investigators prove that the egg deserves its reputation as an easily assimilated and highly nutritious food, if eaten raw or lightly cooked. Such experiments also show that eggs at twelve cents per dozen are a cheap source of nutrients; at sixteen cents, somewhat expensive, and at twenty-five cents and over highly extravagant. The basis of comparison was the market prices of standard flesh foods considered in relation to their nutritive elements. But there is a physiological constituent of eggs which is of great value, yet it defies the search of the scientist or the inqnisition of the statistician, and that is their palatability. Unless a food, however rich in porteins, is relished, it loses much of its value, while, per contra, a less chemically desirable food that is enjoyed becomes valuable by reason of that fact.

When Trouble Comes.

Just remember that "every cloud has a silver lining."

Put your shoulder to the wheel and say: "I will be bright, I will make the best of things."

Don't sponge on your friends simply because they assure you you are "perfectly welcome" to what they have.

If at the end of the day you feel discouraged at your lack of progress don't sit down and lament over it; find out your mistake and try to do better next day.

It you wish to achieve any success in life, the surest way to do so is by keeping at whatever your appointed task may be with unflagging interest and energy.

Don't be overpowered by the dark side; keep at it until you find the bright one, for "weeping may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the morning."

When most tempted to whine and rebel at the way things are going just think of the mother who struggles for food and shelter for her little ones, who in the face of the darkest trials bears up for their sake, and you will be sure to brighten up through very shame of daring to do anything else.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 27, 1904.

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	4 A. M.	30 A. M.	12 P. M.	32 P. M.
Sunbury ..... Leave	† 6 45	† 9 05	† 2 40	† 5 55
Kilnes Grove	† 6 51	† 9 11	....	† 6 01
Wolverton	† 6 58	† 10 06	....	† 6 37
Kipps Run	† 7 06	† 10 11	....	† 5 44
South Danville	7 11	10 17	2 21	5 50
Danville				
Boyd	† 7 16	† 10 21	....	† 5 54
Roaring Creek	† 7 23	† 10 28	† 2 31	† 6 01
Catawissa	7 32	10 35	2 37	6 08
East Bloomsburg				
Bloomsburg	7 40	10 43	2 43	6 15
Espy Ferry	....	R10 47	....	† 6 19
Stonytown Ferry	† 7 52	....	....	† 6 27
Creasy	7 54	10 56	† 2 56	6 40
Nescopeck				
Berwick	8 04	11 05	3 05	6 40
Wapwallopen	8 19	11 20	3 15	6 52
Pond Hill	† 8 2	† 11 25	....	† 6 56
Moncanaqua				
Sicksbinny	8 31	11 32	3 28	7 01
Retreat	8 43	11 43	3 32	7 10
Nanticoke	8 54	11 54	3 4	7 19
Buttonwood	† 9 06	† 12 06	....	† 7 25
Plymouth Ferry	† 9 02	....	....	† 7 28
South Wilkesbarre	9 06	12 06	....	7 30
Wilkesbarre ..... Arrive	9 10	12 10	3 55	7 45
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	31 A. M.	15 A. M.	1 P. M.	67 P. M.
Wilkesbarre ..... Leave	† 1 15	† 10 35	† 2 45	† 6 00
South Wilkesbarre	7 20	....	2 50	6 05
Plymouth Ferry	7 22	....	....	6 07
Buttonwood	† 7 24	....	† 2 54	† 6 09
Nanticoke	7 31	10 50	3 02	6 17
Retreat	7 39	10 58	3 11	6 26
Sicksbinny				
Mocanaqua	7 48	11 07	3 21	6 37
Pond Hill	† 7 53	....	† 3 27	† 6 42
Wapwallopen	7 58	11 16	3 33	6 47
Berwick				
Nescopeck	8 09	11 26	3 42	7 00
Creasy	8 18	† 11 35	3 53	7 09
Stonytown Ferry	† 8 2	....	....	† 7 12
Espy Ferry	† 8 29	....	....	....
Bloomsburg				
East Bloomsburg	8 31	11 47	4 07	7 25
Catawissa	8 40	11 58	4 18	7 32
Roaring Creek	† 8 48	† 12 06	† 4 19	† 7 39
Boyd	† 8 55	....	† 4 29	† 7 46
Danville				
South Danville	9 00	12 10	4 31	7 51
Kipps Run	† 9 04	....	† 4 35	† 7 56
Wolverton	† 9 12	....	† 4 42	† 8 03
Kilnes Grove	† 9 18	....	† 4 48	† 8 16
Sunbury ..... Arrive	9 25	12 30	4 55	8 15
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

† Daily. ‡ Daily, except Sunday. "f" Stops only on signal notice to Agent, or Conductor to receive or discharge passengers.

"s" Stops only on Sunday on notice to Conductor to discharge passengers, or on notice to Agent to receive passengers.

Trains leave BLOOMSBURG as follows:

For Pittston and Scranton as follows: 7.40 and 10.43 a. m., 2.43 and 6.15 p. m. week days; 10.43 a. m. Sundays.

For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m. and 4.18 p. m. week days.

For Hazleton, 7.40 a. m. 4.18 and 6.15 p. m. week days.

For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renova, Kane and Erie 11.47 a. m. week days; Lock Haven only, 8.34 a. m and 4.07 p. m. Renova, Kane and Erie 11.47 a. m. week days; for Williamsport and intermediate stations, 8.34, 11.47 a. m. and 4.07, 7.25 p. m. week days.

For Bellefonte, Tyrone, Philipsburg, and Clearfield, 8.34 and 11.47 a. m. week days.

For Harrisburg and intermediate stations 8.34 and 11.47 a. m., 4.07 and 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Philadelphia (via Harrisburg), Baltimore and Washington 8.34 and 11.47 a. m., 4.07 and 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Pittsburg (via Harrisburg), 8.34 a. m. 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. daily; via Lewistown Junction, 8.34 and 11.47 a. m. week days; via Lock Haven, 8.34 and 11.47 a. m. week days.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Passr Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect Nov. 15, 1904.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays, 7.27 via West Milton; 11.30 a m, via East Mahanoy; 3.29 p m via West Milton.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.27 a m 3.29 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.27 a m 3.29 p. m.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.27, 11.28 a m 12.20, 7.00, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.27, 11.28 a. m. 12 20 3.29, 7.00, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG.

Leave New York via Philadelphia 9.05 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.55 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.00 a m, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 6.36, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.32 p.m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 6.44, 8.28, 11.40 a. m. 1.38, 3.40 6.21 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY R R.

From Chestnut Street Ferry.
For South St. see timetables at stations.

WEEKDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY.	ATLANTIC CITY	OCEAN CITY
5:00 a. m. Exp	3:40 p. m. Exp.	7:00 a m $1 Ex
6:00 a. m. Lcl.	5:00 p. m. Exp. (60 Minutes)	8:10 a. m. Ex
7:00 a m. $1 Exc	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	8:50 a. m. Lcl
8:00 a. m. Exp	5:40 p. m. Exp.	1:50 p. m. Ex.
9:00 a. m. Ex.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	4:20 p. m. Ex;
11:30 a. m. Exc.	CAPE MAY	5:30 p. m. Lcl
1:00 p. m. Exp.	7:00 a. m. $1 Exc.	SEA ISLE CITY
1:30 p m. Exp. (Sat. only)	8:50 a. m. Exp.	7:00 a m $1 Ex
2:00 p. m. Exp.	1:40 p. m. Exp.	8:50 a. m. Ex.
3:00 p. m Exp	4:15 a. m. Exp. (90 minutes)	1:50 p.m. Ex
3:40 p. m. Exp. (60 minutes)	5:30 p. m. Lcl.	4:20 p. m. Ex.
4:01 p m. Exp. (60 Minutes)	SUNDAYS.	
ATLANTIC CITY	ATLANTIC CITY.	OCEAN CITY AND SEA ISLE CITY.
6:00 a. m. Lcl.	5:30 p. m. Lcl.	7:00 a m $1 Ex
7:00 a. m. $1 Exc	7:15 p. m. Exp.	9:15 a. m. Ex.
7:30 a. m. $1 Exc	CAPE MAY	5:00 p. m. Lcl
8:00 a. m. Exp.	7:00 a. m. $1 Exc.	
8:30 a. m. Exp.	8:00 a. m. Lcl.	
9:00 a. m. Exp.	8:45 a. m. Exp.	
10:00 a. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	
11:30 p m. Exp.		
4:45 p. m. Exp.		

Detailed time tables at ticket offices, 13th and Chestnut Sts., 834 Chestnut St, 1005 Chestnut St., 609 South 3rd St., 3962 Market St., and at Stations.

Union Transfer Company will call for, and check baggage from hotels and residences.

A. T. DICE, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 1, 1902, and until urther notice

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 10:20 and (11:00 Saturday nights only.)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00 1:40, 2:20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7.40, 8:20 9:00 9:40, 10:20 and (11:00 Saturday nights only.

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

LACKAWANNA Railroad.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In Effect March 1st., 1901.

EAST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	10 45	10 00	1.50	1.25
Cameron	6 57	10 10	12 01	12 37
Danville	7 07	10 19	2 11	1 47
Catawissa	7 21	10 32	2 25	2 5
Rupert	7 26	10 37	2 29	6
Bloomsburg	7 33	6 41	2 35	6
Espy	7 4	6 49	2 40	6 11
Lime Ridge	7 44	10 54	12 46	6 2
Willow Grove	17 58	11 ..	1 5.	6 2.
Briarcreek	7 52	10 59	12 53	10 27
Berwick	7 54	11 1	2 58	6 34
Beach Haven	8 01	11 12	3 10	6 51
Hick's Ferry	8 11	11 17	3 09	10 54
Shickshinny	8 22	11 31	3 20	6 ..
Hunlock's	8 28	11 39	3 31	17 09
Nanticoke	8 38	11 44	3 38	7 18
Avondale	8 41	11 47	3 42	7 2.
Plymouth	8 45	11 52	3 47	7 28
Plymouth Junction	8 47	11 55	3 52	7 30
Kingston	8 55	11 59	4 00	7 38
Luzerne	8 58	12 02	4 03	7 42
Forty Fort	9 00	12 04	4 07	7 44
Wyoming	9 05	2 08	4 12	7 48
West Pittston	9 10	12 12	4 17	7 53
Susquehanna Ave	9 13	2 14	4 20	7 56
Pittston	9 19	2 17	4 24	8 01
Duryea	9 23	12 20	4 29	8 06
Lackawanna	9 26	2 22	4 32	8 10
Taylor	9 32	12 28	4 40	8 17
Bellevue	9 37	12 32	4 45	8 21
SCRANTON	9 42	2 35	4 50	8 25
	A M.	A M.	P. M.	P. M.

WEST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 35	10 10	1 55	16 40
Bellevue	6 39	10 13	1 59	6 44
Taylor	6 44	10 17	2 03	6 49
Lackawanna	6 50	10 24	2 10	6 55
Duryea	6 53	10 28	2 13	6 58
Pittston	6 58	10 33	2 17	7 02
Susquehanna Ave	7 01	10 37	2 19	7 04
West Pittston	7 05	10 41	2 23	7 07
Wyoming	7 10	10 46	2 27	7 12
Forty Fort	7 14	10 49	2 31	7 17
Luzerne	7 17	10 52	2 34	7 19
Kingston	7 24	10 16	2 40	7 25
Plymouth Junction	7 29	11 00	2 45	7 30
Plymouth	7 33	11 05	2 49	7 34
Avondale	7 39	11 09	2 54	7 38
Nanticoke	7 43	11 13	2 58	7 42
Hunlock's	7 49	11 19	3 06	7 48
Shickshinny	8 01	11 31	3 20	7 58
Hick's Ferry	8 11	11 43	3 30	8 08
Beach Haven	8 19	11 48	3 37	8 14
Berwick	8 27	11 54	3 44	8 20
Briarcreek	8 32	12 01	3 50	8 25
Willow Grove	8 36	12 05	10 54	8 29
Lime Ridge	8 40	12 09	3 58	8 33
Espy	8 46	12 15	4 06	8 39
Bloomsburg	8 52	12 22	4 12	8 45
Rupert	8 57	12 27	4 15	8 50
Catawissa	9 02	12 32	4 20	8 55
Danville	9 15	12 44	4 32	9 10
Cameron	9 24	12 57	4 45	9 21
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 35	1 10	4 56	9 36
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.

† Runs daily. ‡ Flag station.

E. M. RINE, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect May 1st 1904, 12.05 p. m.

NORTHWARD.

	1 †	3 †	5 †
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 37	6 15
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 39	6 17
Bloomsburg Main St	9 05	2 42	6 20
Paper Mill	9 15	2 52	6 30
Light Street	9 18	2 55	6 34
Orangeville	9 28	3 03	6 43
Forks	9 36	3 10	6 52
Zaners	10 40	18 17	6 57
Stillwater	9 48	3 25	7 03
Benton	9 56	3 33	7 13
Edsons	10 04	18 37	7 17
Cotes Creek	10 08	3 40	7 21
Laubachs	10 08	3 45	7 3.
Central	10 15	3 52	7 41
Jamison City	10 18	3 55	7 45

SOUTHWARD.

	2 †	4 †	6 †	8 †
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00
Central	5 54	10 51	4 38	7 03
Laubachs	6 03	11 02	4 48	7 13
Coles Creek	6 07	11 06	4 53	7 22
Edsons	16 14	111 09	14 56	17 24
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38
Zaners	16 35	111 29	5 17	17 45
Forks	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49
Orangeville	6 46	11 4	5 31	8 00
Light Street	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10
Paper Mill	6 03	11 53	5 42	8 18
Bloom. Main St	7 13	12 06	5 53	8 23
Bloom. P & R	7 18	12 18	5 55	8 28
Bloom. D L & W	7 20	12 10	6 00	8 30

Trains No. 21 and 22, mixed, second class.

Trains No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8, Passenger, 1st class.

W. C. SNYDER, Supt

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Dr. LaFranco, Philadelphia, Pa.

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PENNYROYAL PILLS

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SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. 2444 Madison Square, PHILA., PA

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY

CAPITAL $100,000. Surplus and Undivided Profits $150,000.

First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

MAKE NO MISTAKE BUT DEPOSIT YOUR SAVINGS IN THE STRONGEST BANK.

OFFICERS:

E. W. M. Low, President. J. M. Staver, Vice President.
E. B. Tustin, Vice President. E. F. Carpenter, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

E. W. M. Low,	F. G. Yorks,	Frank Ikeler,	Joseph Ratti,
E. B. Tustin,	Fred Ikeler,	Geo. S. Robbins,	S. C. Creasy,
J. M. Staver,	M. I. Low,	Louis Gross,	H. V. Hower.

THE COLUMBIAN.
ESTABLISHED 1866.
THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.
GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.

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All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1905.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
W. H. BERRY,
of Chester.

FOR JUDGE SUPREME COURT,
JOHN STEWART,
of Franklin County.

FOR JUDGE SUPERIOR COURT,
JOHN B. HEAD,
of Greensburg.

Democratic County Ticket.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS,
C. M. TERWILLIGER
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
FRANK W. MILLER
of Centralia.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
CHAS. L. POHE,
of Catawissa.

JERRY A. HESS
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
M. H. RHODES
of Bloomsburg, Pa.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
CHRISTIAN A. SMALL
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY AUDITOR,
C. L. HIRLEMAN

HARRY B. CREASY.

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATES

We understand that W. B. Schuck of Catawissa and Wm. Bogart of Espy have announced themselves or are about to announce themselves as Independent Democratic Candidates for County Commissioner. In this, we think they are making a mistake, which politically will reflect on them. These two gentlemen registered with the County Chairman before the June primaries, paid their registration fee, and announced themselves as Candidates for this office in the newspapers, and subject to the rules of the Democratic party. When the votes that were polled at the primaries were counted in the Convention, it was learned that C. L. Pohe of Catawissa had the highest number of votes, W. B. Schuck of Catawissa the next highest number of votes, Jerry A. Hess of Bloomsburg the next highest number of votes and Wm. Bogart of Espy the next highest number of votes. Both candidates from the South side having received the highest number of votes, the convention was relegated to the rules of the party, which declared, and the Court of Common Pleas here decided, that the candidate with the highest number of votes from the North side shall be declared one of the nominees, and the candidate with the highest number of votes from the South side shall be declared the other nominee. The Chairman of the convention went further than that. He had authority under the rules to declare Hess and Pohe the nominees, but not caring to take all that responsibility on himself, left it to the decision of the return judges who compose the convention, who almost unanimously voted that Hess be declared the nominee. What does the South side want or what does Mr. Schuck want? Do they want both commissioners nominated on that side? Surely this was not the intention of the framers of these rules. It is easy to see how Mr. Schuck should receive such a large number of votes. The voters from the South side cast their votes for one of two men, either Schuck or Pohe, while the voters from the North side cast their votes for one of five or six men, and each received a very substantial vote. These rules were expressly framed for an instance like this, so that neither side would get both candidates for County Commissioner. Mr. Schuck knew this or ought to have known it, before he announced himself as a candidate, and when he did announce subject to the rules of the Democratic party, whether nominated or defeated, if he is now an independent candidate, it seems that he is not willing to abide by the rules of the party of which he claims to be a member.

As to Mr. Bogart we cannot see that he has the slightest grievance. He was fourth in the race in number of votes received and second in votes on the North side. The best evidence that Mr. Bogart is not the choice of the party for a second term is the fact that he did not get as many votes as his opponent on the North side. Democratic voters, Mr. Schuck was deprived of the nomination because of the rules of the party, and if he is a good, loyal Democrat he would not now be a candidate, but take his defeat manly, and Mr. Bogart was deprived of the nomination because he did not get as many votes as his opponent on this side. A very good reason. Men who subscribe to the rules of the party, and announce themselves subject to these rules, and then are willing to abrogate them or go back on them so soon are not entitled to the votes of loyal Democrats. If we are to maintain our supremacy and majority in this County we must stand by the ticket and its nominees. Neither Mr. Schuck nor Mr. Bogart have any claims upon the Democratic voters of this County for County Commissioner and should not be supported by the Democrats. The Democratic organization of this County is working hard to get out the vote and they want a straight ticket voted from top to bottom and not split up for any independent candidates. Vote the straight Democratic ticket from top to bottom and assist the organization in rolling up an old time majority. This will best discourage independent candidates in the future.

Lift the Lid.

The election of William A. Berry as treasurer of Pennsylvania would assure the putting of an effectual stop to the evil practices which have prevailed for many years in the management of the state funds. Further than that, Mr. Berry, as treasurer, could turn the light upon all records of the institution and would uncover many dark secrets which they hold. The people would for once in a third of a century know just how much money the state really has and why, when there is an alleged balance of many millions on hand, there is always trouble every year in getting the school appropriations paid. Mr. Berry's induction in the office of state treasurer would be hailed with delight by every honest citizen of the state, and would be viewed only with dissatisfaction, distrust and terror by the members of the state machine and those enjoying intimate relations with them.

Dan Patch, king of pacers, lowered his world's record on Saturday, at Lexington, Ky., by pacing a mile in 1.55¾.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

OPERATORS WILL FIGHT THE UNION

May Declare Greatest Lock Out in History on April 1st.

On April 1, 1906, every coal mine in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, West Virginia and part of Kentucky will close down for an indefinite period, if present plans do not miscarry.

A meeting of the coal operators of all these states has been called to take place November 22nd at Chicago, when plans will be completed for the greatest lockout in the history of the world. This arrangement is intended to crush the United Mine Workers of America as an organization, and at the same time force up the price of coal to the consumer.

Herman Justi, commissioner of the Illinois Coal Operators' Association sent out the call for the Chicago conference. This will be the first time the anthracite coal operators will have entered into an agreement with the bituminous operators. The object of their joining in the conference is to curb the growth of unionism in the eastern coal mines.

There exists among the Western Pennsylvania, Indiana, Ohio and Illinois coal operators an agreement known as the interstate agreement, whereby the operators annually meet the United Mine Workers of the various districts and settle on a mining rate for the year. The anthracite coal operators are unwilling to deal with the miners' union, and have about 30,000 miners employed in Eastern Pennsylvania under individual contracts.

All the wage scales in these states expire April 1: in fact, nearly all the mining scales of the country expire on that date. It is to meet this crisis that the meeting has been called in Chicago next November. The miners are getting better wages than ever in the history of the industry, taking working facilities into consideration. The interstate price is based on 85 cents per ton for soft coal mined and run over an inch and one-quarter screen. Some of the Western coal operators want this reduced to 70 cents a ton, and the miners will meet with this proposal in January at the wage conference. The eastern operators will not be represented at this January gathering. It is believed that the miners representatives will refuse to accept the reduction, and the mines will be closed down until one side or the other is starved out.

As a result, the anthracite operators have begun piling up coal, and will fill their docks at both ends of the lakes, and will load every boat, barge and scow obtainable with coal between now and April 1. The operators have reached an understanding whereby no contracts are to be accepted for coal between now and April 1 for delivery after April 1.

A Proposed Quay Monument.

A correspondent writing in a Philadelphia contemporary of recent date suggests a design for the proposed Quay monument to be erected in Capitol park, Harrisburg, in the event that the legislation on that subject is ratified at the coming election by the success of the machine candidate for State Treasurer, J. Lee Plummer. The writer accurately estimates that if Plummer is defeated the monument will never be erected, for however anxious our absurd and imbecile Governor may be to cannonize venality, no commission can be induced to act before the next Legislature repeals the law and withdraws the appropriation.

But if the unexpected should happen, if Plummer should be elected and the monument erected the writer suggests that the proper thing would be to have an effigy of Quay picking the pocket of Father Penn; or in the event that the friends of Penn should object to such an exhibition of the founder of the State, an effigy of Quay shaking the plum tree would be the next most appropriate conception. There is a good deal of reason in both propositions. The first suggestion has the greater merit as most nearly expressing the practices of Quay. But it would be a trifle tough on Father Penn, who wasn't altogether an idot and consequently would't likely tolerate such a performance continuously. Therefore the second proposition would better be adopted.

But after all, as we have frequently observed, there isn't so much difference between QUAY and his associates in the Pennsylvania machine, and those who have succeeded him in control. Quay was bad enough. His life was a long continued career of political crime and organized fraud. For nearly fifty years he had been systematically plundering the public and in defiance of the laws of God and man built up a vast fortune for the survivors of his family. But his death didn't end the iniquity. His dropping out didn't check the predatory operations of the machine. The system which he practised is the rightful object of public reprehension and no matter what form the monument takes it will be an insult to the integrity and an outrage upon the conscience of the people of Pennsylvania. The way to prevent the outrage is to defeat the candidate of the party. *Bellfonte Watchman.*

Ayer's

To be sure, you are growing old. But why let everybody see it, in your gray hair? Keep your hair dark and rich and postpone age. If you will

Hair Vigor

only use Ayer's Hair Vigor, your gray hair will soon have all the deep, rich color of youth. Sold for 60 years.

"I am now over 60 years old, and I have a thick, glossy head of long hair which is a wonder to every one who sees it. And not a gray hair in it, all due to Ayer's Hair Vigor." MRS. H. R. BURTIS, Bucida, Minn.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

White Hair

For District Attorney

VOTE FOR

CHRISTIAN A. SMALL

of Bloomsburg.

Your Support is Respectfully Solicited. 8-47

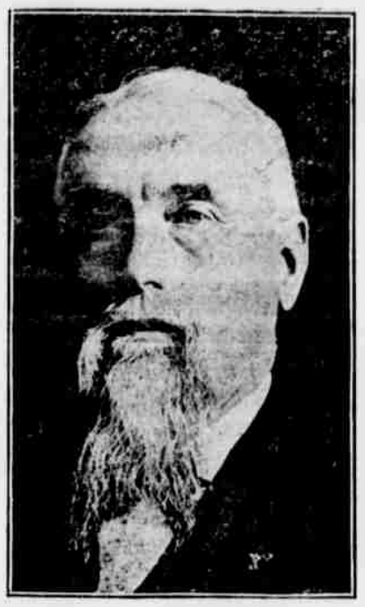
FOR

County Commissioner

VOTE FOR

CHARLES L. SANDS

of Mt. Pleasant.



Independent Candidate.

INDEPENDENT

For Register and Recorder,
W. L. GARRISON,
of Bloomsburg.

Platform: No Bosses. No Beer. No Machine.

Subject to the decision of the conscientious voters irrespective of party.

Support respectfully solicited. 5t

Don't spend all your time at the **FAIR.**

Come in and look over our exhibits of

FALL AND WINTER LINES.

Every thing that your heart may desire in Clothing and Furnishings. All priced at the lowest.

TOWNSEND'S

Five Suits of The Ultra Fashionable.

Both Gray in color, and you know Gray is "It" this year, if you would be in the front of the procession. We have put a most moderate price on them, indeed, we could easily ask a $5 bill more for each one and you would pay it willingly.

At $18.50—Gray Worsted Suit, small broken plaid effect, 42 inch coat, tight fitting back, full sleeve, turned back cuff, satin lined to the waist, single breasted. Nine gore skirt.

At $19.50—Gray Checked Cloth, 48 inches coat, tight fitting, large sleeve, turned back cuff, black velvet collar, lined to the waist with satin. Nine gore skirt.

At $20.00—Dark Gray cloth suit, a very pretty shade of gray with an invisible plaid. Coat 45 inches long, tight fitting back, straight front, lined to the waist, large sleeves, turned back cuff, sleeve plaited 8 inches above the cuff. Nine gore skirt.

At $22.00—Suit of gray cloth, small checked effect. Coat 48 inches long, tight fitting back, straight front, full plaited sleeve at top. Nine gore skirt with two inverted plaits in front.

At $30.00—Suit of Gray Tweed, invisible plaid, 50 inch coat, strap and stitched trimmed, tight fitting back and front, black velvet collar, full shirred sleeve. 13 gore skirt with inverted plaits down the front.

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENNA.

Jayne's Expectorant Cures Coughs and Colds

For 75 years the favorite family medicine for throat and lungs.

A Man's feet are better judges of shoes than he is!

When you tuck your's into a pair of

"Keith's Konqueror"

Shoes they'll tell you they're comfortable at last.

$3.50 and $4.00

Chas. M. Evans,

AGENT FOR BLOOMSBURG.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THUESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1905

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

LOCAL NEWS.

Legal advertisements on page 7.

George Verdy of Philadelphia is visiting relatives here this week.

Work on the Yorks house is again being delayed by the non-arrival of terra cotta flues.

The attendance at the Milton Fair last Thursday was said to be the largest in the Fair's history.

Dr. and Mrs. Altmiller are in Philadelphia this week. They have rented the residence of T. L. Gunton, and will take possession on November 1st.

M. P. Lutz & Son are actively engaged in the real estate business, and handle a large number of properties. Their bulletin board always shows some good bargains.

We go to press on Wednesday this week in order that the office force can attend the fair. It is the only vacation asked for during the year, and it is well merited.

The bulletin board outside the White House Restaurant, which announces the good things to eat on the inside, is written in a hand that would do credit to a professor of penmanship in a business college. Will Bachman is the artist.

The report that a number of race horses on their way to the Bloomsburg fair were killed in the collision at Millerstown, was incorrect, and the horses are here and will go in the races. It does not appear how the report started, but many of the daily papers printed it on Monday.

Charles M. Terwilliger was nominated for Prothonotary for a second term without opposition. His efficiency in the office is conceded by everybody, and of course he will be re-elected. But it is not safe to take anything for granted in politics. The only sure way is to vote, and vote straight.

Vote the straight ticket this fall—give the Republicans a new idea of the real strength of the Democratic party in Columbia county. Don't be a stay-a-home nor a bolter. Your ticket is composed of good men from the candidate for state treasurer down to county auditor. Let us go back to the old majority.

Frank W. Miller, Democratic candidate for Register and Recorder, is attending the fair this week. Mr. Miller has made friends throughout the county wherever he has gone, and he will get a big vote on November 7th. His ability to fill the office is undoubted, and his popularity assures his election by something more than the usual majority.

St. John's Episcopal Church at Catawissa is at present in charge of Rev. R. S. Nichols, rector of St. Paul's Church, and the arrangement may be continued, as Christ Church, Berwick, is anxious to have a minister who can devote all his time at home. Services are held at St. John's Church every Sunday afternoon by Mr. Nichols.

Judge Mayer, of Lock Haven, has been on the bench thirty seven years, and will soon be seventy-five years old. He is President of the board of trustees of the Lock Haven Normal School. There are very few if any other judges in the state who are serving their fourth term. Judge Mayer has always had a high reputation as a jurist.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Miss Helen Pardee, daughter of Calvin Pardee of Germantown, Pa., was married to Walter L. Fouke in St. Thomas' Episcopal Church, Whitemarsh, Pa., on October 6th. She is a granddaughter of the late Ario Pardee of Hazleton, and a grand niece of Capt. J. B. Robison of Espy, her grandmother, Mrs. Ario Pardee, having been a daughter of William Robison, deceased, of Bloomsburg, and a sister of Capt. Robison.

Chas. P. Elwell will continue to teach during the summer months. Instruction in pianoforte, violin, harmony and composition. Send for circular or call at 233 West Third street, Bloomsburg. tf

The population of the United States is only 5 per cent. of the population of the world, yet that 5 per cent. produced, according to the last census, 22 per cent. of the world's wheat, 30 per cent. of its gold, 32 per cent. of its coal, 32 per cent. of its coal, 33 per cent of its silver, 34 per cent. of its manufactures, 35 per cent. of its iron, 36 per cent. of its cattle, 50 per cent. of its petroleum, 54 per cent. of its copper, 75 per cent. of its cotton, and 84 per cent. of its corn. Uncle Sam has a big and a very productive farm.

The opening of the fall teaching season has increased my classes in music, but have still time for others. Piano-forte, violin and harmony taught in the latest, best and most thorough methods. Refer to the many pupils who have studied with me during the past year, for results and references. Prospectus for 1905-06 sent on application. Write or call on Chas. P. Elwell, 233 West Third St. Bloomsburg, Pa.

Christian A. Small Esq. had no opponent for the nomination for District Attorney. He was unanimously placed upon the ticket, and he ought to receive the solid support of all Democrats. He has been an active party worker, serving as chairman of the county committee, and is entitled to recognition if party services count for anything. While the office of District Attorney is not and ought not to be a political office, you do not see Democrats elected to that office in Republican counties. Columbia county is democratic, and the public offices should be filled by Democrats.

Boy Wanted.

A boy sixteen years old with fair common school education is wanted at this office to learn the printing trade. Full particulars as to work and pay will be given on application. tf

Kennedy Players Here Fair Week

The Kennedy Players who began a week's engagement at the Dele van opera house last, night, were greeted by large and enthusiastic audience. No popular priced company appearing here this season has made a more favorable impression on the opening night, and the indications point to another successful week of repertoire.

"The Midnight Express" a delightful comedy drama written by John J. Kennedy, the leading comedian of the company was the attraction and it was a remarkably strong one, as it furnished plenty of laughter and amusement and still served to show the full strength of a well balanced company.

As a fun maker John J. Kennedy is easily in the front rank, and there is an irresistible charm about his rich, melodious voice.—*Daily Journal Meriden.*

At Grand Opera House this week. New play nightly.

Your glasses may be partly right, and proportionately helpful; but if they are not entirely right you are not getting all of the benefit you should. **ONLY** medical eye specialists can determine exactly what lenses are needed. **Henry W. Champlin. M. D., OCULIST,**

KILLED IN WRECK.

A rear-end collision at Millersburg on the Philadelphia & Erie railroad on Sunday morning resulted in the death of Theodore Scott of Sunbury. He wrs a son-in law of Geo. B. Martin of Bloomsburg, having married Mr. Martin's daughter about a year ago. Several cars of a freight train broke loose from the train, and before they could be taken on again the passenger train crashed into them. Scott was fireman on the passenger, and he was crushed under the engine. Charles Berry, freight conductor, and Ralph Hendershott, flagman, both of Sunbury, were also killed, their bodies being burned to a crisp.

On hearing the sad news Mr. and Mrs. Martin went to Sunbury, and arrangements were made to bring Mr. Scott's body here for burial on Wednesday. They arrived on the 10.41 train and were taken direct to Rosemont Cemetery, where the services were conducted by Rev. J. D. Thomas.

Don't Get Footsore! Get Allen's Foot-Ease

A wonderful powder that cures tired, aching, swollen sweating feet and makes new or tight shoes easy. Ask today for Allen's Foot-Ease. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25 cts. Don't accept any substitute. 9-21 it

Trolley to Northumberland

A proposition is on foot to build a trolley line to be known as the West Branch Electric Railway Co. from Danville to Northumberland.

The West Branch Electric Railway Company will in reality be an extension of the Danville and Bloomsburg Electric Railway Company. It is made up of the majority of members of the Danville and Bloomsburg Company whose signal success in the building of the latter line inspires confidence that the Danville and Northumberland line will be built without delays that frequently occur in construction of trolley roads.

The proposed road will be easy of construction, owing to the absence of heavy grades between Danville and Northumberland. Neither will there be any streams that need bridging. Best of all there will be no railroads in the way so that the vexed question of grade crossings with its subsequent litigation and delay will be entirety eliminated. The Danville and Northumberland line will be built along thoroughly improved lines, the cars and all its equipment being first class and modern in all respects.

Verily Danville is becoming a trolley center of no little importance, says the *Morning News*. Northumberland is but eight miles from Montandon, where connection can be made for Williamsport. In addition to this the new line will connect with Sunbury and thence with the gigantic system of lines built or under way that will open up all the central part of the State and connect with Philadelphia, while to the eastward of us we already have communitation with Catawissa, Bloomsburg and Berwick with prospects in a short time of reaching Nanticoke and points beyond.

McClellan as a White House Possibility.

The name of George B. McClellan again looms up in the history of this country, associated with great possibilities. In the young man renominated by Tammany for Mayor of new York city, some people see a future Governor of New York State and a possible President of the United States. The failure of the socalled reformers to agree upon a proper man to contest the Mayorality fight with McClellan leaves the office in his grasp. Only death or some untoward circumstance can prevent McClellan being elected Mayor of New York city in November next to serve for four years. The lease of official life will carry him prominently before the people until after the next Presidential nominating convention and election. His term of office will expire January 1, 1910. What changes in political history can happen in that time!

Mr. McClellan is personally an attractive man and a very capable politician. The Democracy has no cleaner man in the ranks of its younger leaders. He is as little defiled as anybody ever was who had touched Tammany Hall. But it must be remembered that the power of the Eastern Democracy is very limited now; that the Western wing of the party is well organized and aggressive; that Mr. Bryan is still its hero, and that his distrust of men of Mr. McClellan's environment is profound. And it now seems likely that even if he should not ask for the nomination himself, Mr. Bryan will no doubt be powerful in the convention of 1908 as he was in that of 1904.

Here is Relief for Women.

If you have pains in the back, Urinary, Bladder or Kidney trouble, and want a certain, pleasant herb remedy for woman's ills, try Mother Gray's **AUSTRALIAN-LEAF.** It is a safe monthly regulator. At Druggists or by mail 50 cts. Sample package FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y. 9-21 4t

FREE TRAINING OF NURSES

Young Women of Small Towns and Country Districts to be Favored

By the terms of a fund to be administered in connection with the Philadelphia School for Nurses, Witherspoon Building, Philadelphia, a number of young women from every county will receive free training in Nursing. It is planned to ultimately reach and help in this way every village and township.

The young women will be provided with room, board, nurse uniforms and all the refinements of a well-appointed Christian home. At graduation the diploma of the School and the Order of the Red Cross will be conferred, qualifying for practice in any State or country; the railroad fare will then be paid back home.

Those applying and chosen to receive the benefits of this fund will be given two years' training, with a rich experience in nursing the sick poor of the city under skilled leaders. The term may be shortened to eighteen months by taking a preliminary course of six months' and study at home. A special short course enables young women to quickly qualify themselves for self support and a substantial income.

In addition to regular nursing, the young women are taught how to preserve their own health; how to recognize, avoid and destroy contagion; how to establish and maintain perfect sanitary conditions about the home; they are prepared for positions as office nurse and physician's assistant; they get a practical knowledge of City Mission movements, Deaconess training, College settlement work, and are trained for special positions of trust in institutions.

The School is ten years old and is endorsed by physicians, leading educators and prominent men throughout the country.

ELECTION DRAWS NEAR

Three weeks from next Tuesday will be election day. Upon the action of the Democrats of Columbia county on that day depends whether the party is to be strengthened or weakened. A full vote, and the election of the whole ticket by a fair majority will give it strength and renewed vitality, while the defeat of any man on the ticket would give still further encouragement to the opposition in their boast that this will be a republican county in the near future. Such a result we do not deem at all probable, and yet if professed democrats go wandering after strange gods, or do not vote at all, they weaken the party, and render strange things possible. There is always danger in the stay-at-home vote.

This being an off-year, there will be no speeches through the county, but it ought not to require stump speeches and brass bands to arouse the people sufficiently to get every man to the polls. There is a strong opposition to the Republican candidate for State Treasurer within that party. The corruption of the machine has reached a point where the better element of the party can no longer endure it, and there is revolt all along the line. Our candidate, William H. Berry, will be supported also by the Prohibitionists and the reform Republicans, from which sources he will receive a very large vote. His election therefore depends upon the Democrats. If they do their duty, and give him a full vote, his election is assured.

Fidelity to Public Trust.

The estate of the late Robert E. Pattison of Pennsylvania, has been wound up and the net amount of it found to be $4545.11. Fidelity to public trust is an admirable quality, but the example of Robert E. Pattison tends to show that there is not much money in it. But it is not less worthy of emulation by those who esteem their own self-respect and stainless honor above all monetary consideration. — Louisville *Courier Journal.*

Vanity Fair, March and Two step by Chas. P. Elwell, on sale at all music stores. Second edition. 25 cents. tf.

Stormy October Says Hicks

Hicks predicts plenty of storms during October. The autumnal rains are due and the St. Louis weather prophet says there will be general storminess all over the country. Other October periods will bring heavy frosts and spurts of snow and sleet with high gales over the great lake region and along the North Atlantic coast. The month will close with high tides and seismic disturbances.

The Greatest Showing of Coats & Suits

at THE CLARK STORE.—Everything that's new. Ladies', Misses', Children's and Infants Coats. See the Coats at 5.00, 7.00, 10.00, 12.50, 16.00, 18.00 and 20.00.

Bear Skin Coats in white and colors. Infants' White long and short coats.

COVERT COATS—See the 12.00 coat, it's a beauty.

SUITS! SUITS!—Allthe new long suits in popular cloths are here. You cannot afford to miss this showing of Suits and Coats at this time.

SEPARATE DRESS SKIRTS— See the Black Panama Skirts at 3.75 and 5.00. The Covert Cloth Skirts at 6.00. The Manish Mixed Skirt at 6.00.

UNDERWEAR—For Ladies and Children. The good warm kind that give service. "Forrest Mills" goods in separate vests, pants and combination suits. If you need underwear come to THE CLARK STORE.

MILLINERY—We have now on sale the largest collection of Dress Hats, Walking Hats, Hats to trim, that we have ever shown, and at popular prices. A great line of Walking Hats 1.90 to 2.75. Fine Dress Hats 3.00 to 16.50. Hats made to order. Millinery work of all kinds done correctly and promptly.

NECKWEAR—Complete lines of Ties, Collars, Ruchings.

BAGS, BELTS AND COMBS—New big line of these: Bags 25c. up. Belts 25c. up. Combs 10c up. Mounted goods 25 cents to 1.25.

DRESS GOODS—A big assortment of all the popular Dress Materials. See the 50c. Mohairs, 1.00 Broadcloths. Black Dress Goods a big line, all kinds.

ONE PRICE TO ALL—THAT THE LOWEST AT THE CLARK STORE.

The Clark Store.

TALK NO. 67.

SAVE YOUR EYESIGHT BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE

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A SHAMEFUL RECORD

Plummer Earned Machine Favor By Abject Servility.

His Legislative Career Shows a Continuous Course of Iniquity and An Unbroken Record of Obedience to the Bosses—Voted For All the Vicious Legislation of the Gang and Against All Measures For the People.

J. Lee Plummer's rapid progress into the affections of the Republican machine managers was in reward of his servility. His first service in the legislature was in the session of 1903, in which he was chairman of the house committee on elections. The sinister service required of him in that capacity was the unseating of two Democratic representatives who were honestly elected and giving their places to Republicans, prevent the passage of ballot reform and personal registration legislation and promote the iniquitous measures of the machine. The members were unseated the day before the close of the session, in order that the claimants might get the salary of $1500 each and the perquisites of the office.

Base Use of Political Power.

Political iniquity was never invoked for a baser purpose. The testimony was overwhelmingly in favor of the sitting members, and during the inquiry offers were made to abandon the contest in consideration of support of certain legislation by the gentlemen concerned. Even the most daring of the machine leaders hesitated about perpetrating so palpable an outrage. But when the offers of compromise were indignantly refused, Chairman Plummer commanded the admiration of the banditti by boldly declaring in favor of the contestants and awarding the seat of Francis X. Blumle, of Cameron county, to H. H. Mullin, and that to which Bernard J. Ferry, of the Fourth district of Luzerne county, was fairly elected, to James G. Harvey.

Plummer, who prepared the reports by perversion of the evidence, was the only man who defended the iniquity, though it was assailed with great emphasis and considerable vehemence by both Democrats and Republicans on the floor. Frank B. McClain, of Lancaster, floor leader of the Republicans, was justly indignant at such a betrayal of honor and honesty. "If I felt that the sitting member from Cameron (Mr. Blumle) was not honestly entitled to his seat," said Mr. McClain, "I would vote to unseat him. But after diligent and unprejudiced inquiry and examination of the evidence submitted, I can find no reason for thus dealing with him." Thomas J. Cooper, the veteran and eloquent representative of Delaware county in house of representatives, also spoke earnestly against the adoption of the report, saying that he would cheerfully vote for it if any member of the elections committee who had signed it would give even a shadowy reason for it or produce a scintilla of evidence that Mr. Blumle was not entitled to his seat. Neither the report nor the speech of the chairman of the committee does this, he continued. Plummer's record on this crowning outrage may be found on pages 3729 to 3740 of the Legislative Record.

Further Proof of Turpitude.

Though Mr. Plummer's efforts in those cases would have entitled him to the everlasting gratitude of the machine pirates they are not the sum and substance of his infamous achievements.

He was in full accord with all the machine legislation and voted for the Susquehanna river grab, which involved the repeal of the canal company's charter.

He supported the notorious Kingston dam bill which was intended to bestow on machine favorites authority to seize the canal as well as all rivers and streams of the commonwealth.

The iniquitous filtration bill, which was designed to enrich certain favorites of the state machine and would have put the people of all parts of the state under the mercy of the "gang," received his active and earnest support.

Those bills were subsequently stricken from the calendar of the senate for the reason that Governor Pennypacker served notice on those concerned that he would positively veto every one of them. Even to oblige Quay and serve the conspirators who had gone to dangerous lengths to help him to the gubernatorial nomination the servile Pennypacker would not approve such monstrous measures. But Plummer had no qualms of conscience. He was cordially for them and his record to that effect will be found on pages 1520 and 1521, 1689, 2431 to 2435 of the Legislative Record.

Plummer's record on other machine legislation during the session of 1903 was equally maladorous, moreover. He voted for and made a speech in support of the Moore's judges' salary bill, which increased the salaries of all the judges in the state in violation of the constitution—Legislative Record, page 397.

He voted for the bill authorizing the city commissioners instead of the courts of Philadelphia to appoint election officers in that city.—Legislative Record, page 909. The purpose of that bill was to give the Penrose-Durham-McNichol machine greater freedom and immunity in stuffing ballot boxes and manipulating election returns.

He voted for the bill creating a state department of labor.—Legislative Record, pages 1694-1700. This bill was opposed by the United Mine Workers for the reason that leaders in that organization believed that it would create a lot of useless offices. As a matter of fact that was the exact purpose of the measure. A place was needed for Captain James M. Clark, Republican machine boss in Lawrence county, who was to have been the head of the department, while the various other sinecures and soft snaps would have made excellent stock in trade for commerce in politics.

Hostility to Honest Elections Revealed

He voted for the bill appropriating to J. H. Shaw, one of the Philadelphia councilmen who voted for the gas lease and boasted that he would vote to override the mayor's veto, $1971 for badges furnished the legislature of 1897 for a junket to Philadelphia to attend the dedication of the Washington monument—Legislative Record, page 2685.

He also voted for the bill abolishing the circle on the official ballot—Legislative Record, pages 3, 437-38. The bill was so manifestly dishonest that the late Malcolm L. McConnell, chairman of the House Republican steering committee, voted against it.

As a "dodger" Mr. Plummer proved himself quite artful, moreover, during the session of 1903. That is he "dodged" several very important measures upon which public interest had centered. For example he is recorded as "absent and not voting" on the bill providing that election officers must be residents of the districts or divisions within which they act. — Legislative Record, pages 1629-30. The bill was notoriously designed to protect election frauds. Its effect would have been to legalize the phantom election officers of which so much is now heard in connection with the padded registry lists.

He also "dodged" the vote on the bill providing that where a certificate of nomination is not sustained by the courts the petitioner shall be compelled to pay the costs.—Legislative Record, page 2, 2029. The obvious intent of that bill was to prevent attacks on machine made tickets. With such a law in force nominations by certificate would be hazardous and might be very expensive.

Plummer As An Artful Dodger.

Mr. Plummer likewise "dodged" the vote on the resolution of Frank W. Mohr, anti-machine Republican of Berks county, to refer to the committee for a public hearing the atrocious Snyder water works bill, which the "gang" was forced by public sentiment to abandon after orders for its passage had been issued. This bill was clandestinely introduced into the house and was intended to give the Penrose-Durham-McNichol machine power to dispose of the Philadelphia water works in the same manner that they tried to steal the gas works since. Plummer's record on the resolution will be found in the Legislative Record, page 2359.

The "culminating atrocity" of Mr. Plummer's record during the session of 1903 was his vote for the infamous but useless "Press Muzzler," the Salus-Grady libel law. He had been admonished against the outrage of the constitution and attempt to stifle civil and religious liberty. But Quay was smarting under the shame of his then recent trial for misusing the funds of the state and his associate gangsters probably felt that the storm which has since broken over them was then impending and hoped to avert it by muzzling the press. The expectation was disappointment, however, and the perfidious legislator rather than his intended victims is suffering the consequence of his folly.

Plummer's Crowning Outrage.

It was during the session of 1903, moreover, that Plummer made clear his servility to the machine and treachery to the people by openly opposing personal registration. Mr. Ikeler, of Columbia county, had introduced a resolution to discharge from the committee on elections, of which Plummer was chairman, the ballot bill prepared by the Democratic state committee and which Quay had promised to support. It provided for personal registration in the cities and in opposing the resolution to discharge the committee and place it on the calendar Mr. Plummer said:

"I does not seem to me to be right or just because there is a cry of fraud in Philadelphia that every city in the state should be put to the inconvenience and expense of a personal registration law to enable a few reformers to experiment with the cure of fraud in that city." Legislative Record, pages 192-22.

As the claim of patriotism is "the last refuge of a scoundrel so the bugaboo of the cost is the first and last resort of a corruptionist who sees reform approaching." Naturally Mr. Plummer invoked this expedient to delay personal registration, but the failure of it then has cost the people tenfold more in graft since than personal registration would have come to in a generation.

[Continued Next Week.]

THE MEDIUM AND HER MESSAGE

"You have noticed my young brunette?" inquired his hostess of Raoul Chenier. "You are to take her in to dinner, and, furthermore, are honored by a desire on her part to meet you! Come, let me introduce you."

It was impossible to refuse, so he followed unhappily, vaguely suspicious that the unknown was a widow, and that she was about to trouble his bachelor tranquility.

The introduction accomplished, Mme. Deule did not try to hide her pleasure.

"Monsieur, I am delighted to meet you. I have heard your work so often mentioned!

"You are a keeper of records, monsieur, are you not?"

"Good," thought M. Chenier, and his discomfort took another form. 'It is not I in whom she is interested; it is the recorder. She will ask me a favor. Well, I like that better.'

The butler carefully drew aside the portieres, announcing dinner, and they took their places, whereupon Mme. Deule immediately opened the subject.

"How more than interesting to search through the old writings, the very old ones, M. Chenier," she smiled. "Have you ever seen the handwriting of Henri Quatre, and would you be able to recognize it?"

Her companion countered quickly: "Do you happen to possess a letter from this gallant king?"

Mme. Deule gave a slight smile and her eyes shone more brightly.

"You are a keeper of Records?"

"One letter," she replied, calmly, pulling off her long gloves. "I have a thousand of them!"

Time passed, and found the studious and very learned M. Chenier bending one morning over his desk, thoroughly absorbed. Presently a card was handed to him, which elicited a quick order for admittance.

"Am I disturbing you, monsieur?"

"No, Mme. Deule; I shall be most happy to be of use."

Raoul Chenier smiled. Having guarded his own position so thoroughly, he was pleased to note that madame's eyes were increasingly charming and her smile entrancing.

"You have been good to allow me to upset your work and abuse your kindness, monsieur," she began.

"The word abuse has no reason to exist, madame, between you and me."

She thanked him with a bow, and Raoul surprised himself by murmuring: 'What beauty! She is really exquisite!"

"Monsieur," said the charming widow, after a slight pause, "I wish to be wholly frank with you today. I wonder if you will believe me foolish. I am a spiritualist."

"Oh," responded M. Chenier, sadly.

"It is nothing to be afraid of," she went on, more boldly, "but rather it is a great consolation to be able to communicate with those who are no more."

"M. Deule, for instance?" queried Raoul.

"No," replied madame, sighing; "he has never responded to my call."

"That is only since his death, I am persuaded," said M. Chenier. 'I evoke none but the ancient dead," said the widow, hastily. "I have a young ward, otherwise entirely illiterate, who is a marvellous medium. Before coming to me she was in the service of a spiritualist, and it is he who initiated me into the mysteries of the other world. Monsieur, it was almost with stupefaction that I discovered I could put my maid into a hypnotic trance."

"Madame," interrupted Raoul, "one does not need to be a medium to submit to the influence of your eyes."

Mme. Deule gave a slight shrug.

"This is a very grave subject with me, sir," she said. "If you will help me—"

"Pardon, one moment. May I ask how long you have had your mediumistic maid?"

"For two years, M. Chenier, and during this time I have become more and more attracted by the immaterial and incomprehensible."

"What shame," sighed monsieur, softly, but the lady paid no heed.

"I have confided my great secret to you," continued Mme. Deule, "for I am sure that you will understand why I wish to place the letters of Henri Quartre (it is he who writes to me so often), and which are dictated to my maid, or else he writes them himself, using her hand, with those which you have here, written when he was alive."

Without a word M. Chenier rose and went in search of the letters.

Feverishly and with great emotion Mme. Deule took the yellow parchment from his hand.

"How strange," she said, after a moment's pause, and in a somewhat puzzled voice. "This is not at all the same handwriting as that in which he writes to me."

Raoul turned away to hide a smile. The soft voice of madame continued:

'I thank you again, monsieur, and I place myself entirely in your confidence."

And with this she left him.

Some hours later an envelope, ivory white and faintly perfumed was brought to the recorder. He opened it with trembling hands, and found that it contained two letters, one written in a fine flowing hand and the other ill formed and awkward as if traced by a schoolgirl. Raoul read the first:

"Monsieur—You know the faith I place in the messages coming from the other world. This faith must be very strong, or I could not implicitly follow the leadings of the spirit. I send you the last letter dictated to my medium. Recently the style of the writing has changed, which reaffirms its authenticity, do you not agree? I only know one Raoul. What then? I obey the voice from the tomb."

M. Chenier kissed the letter in a transport of happiness. Then he picked up the second sheet, and laughed as he read:

"Noble, Sweet and Beautiful Friend: We are pleased to make known our wishes to you. The throes of love which you have awakened, which exist for you, should be by you assuaged. To do this, the question must be asked: Who is able to disclose such a love? A friend longs to know that you love, and this friend is named Raoul."

That same evening Raoul Chenier threw himself at the feet of his adored lady, declared his love, and —obeying the voice from the other world—Mme. Deule did not refuse him.

With a delicacy delightful to madame, M. Chenier proposed that the engagement should be kept secret for some weeks.

"I wish to be certain that I do not owe all my happiness to the spirit before publishing it to the world," he said. "Forgive me, but I cannot truly rejoice. I long to hear you say 'I love you' of your own will, and during this time it would make me very happy if you would leave the spirit of the good Henri Quatre in peace."

"Ungrateful man!" cried the lady. "I think that I should refuse the last clause if my maid had not asked for a month's vacation this morning. It is very hard on me."

Each day made M. Chenier more essential to the happiness of the charming widow, and it was easy to see that soon he would become more beloved than the name of the king.

One evening as they were sitting among the flowers of the little salon where they spent long hours together, Mme. Deule dared to speak the magic phrase.

"You love me at last," cried Raoul. "But one proof alone can convince me of this love, which I doubt even now."

"Why, what further do you ask? Is not the proof given already? What more can I say?" Madame lifted her eyebrows.

"Oh," she cried, "it is written in the handwriting of Henri Quartre!"

"Perhaps, but read it, he replied. It ran as follows:

"Monsieur — I beg you to have pity on me. I have my old mother and two sisters to take care of. I did not begin with the idea of trading on the credulity of madame. I did not mean anything bad, but only to get better wages—and, besides, madame, paid me extra for each seance. You have made me afraid by speaking of the police, and I must try and save myself; but, monsieur, I have confidence in you, and you have promised not to give me up if I obey you. I will make Henri Quatre say anything you like to madame. Madame will surely believe it, as she has always done, and then monsieur will give me the money he has promised."

"What does it mean?" murmured the poor spiritualist.

"It means, dearest, that you have been taken in by a fake. I called this woman to me, threatened her, and then kept her in my pay. I used your dear foolishness to serve my purposes, to make you love me. Can you forgive?"

The lady hid her face in her hands, and for some moments Mme. Deule remained in horrfied silence.

M. Chenier argued his case earnestly; he begged, he pleaded.

At length madame let her hands drop, and Raoul immediately took them prisoners, covering them with kisses.

"It is monstrous," sighed the lady. "What have you done with my false medium?"

"That pretended vacation was her flight. Had you not guessed?"

"Indeed!" replied Mme. Deule. Then she continued, resolutely: "If you know where she is write for her to return. We will double her wages!"—Boston Herald.

A SUDDEN TWINGE

Of pain is generally the first warning of an attack of rheumatism. It feels as if the disease were in the bones or muscles, but the real cause of rheumatism is found in impure blood. In order to cure rheumatism the blood must be cleansed of the poisonous impurities which are the cause of the disease.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has been very successful in the cure of rheumatism, because it entirely cleanses the blood from the poisonous uric acid which is the cause of the disease.

"Your 'Golden Medical Discovery' cured me of rheumatism after I had tried a dozen remedies without relief and also gone West in search of health," writes Harry Ritter, of No. 945 6th Street, Denver, Colo. "Only those who have suffered from this dread malady know the pain and misery I endured for over five years. Whenever the weather was damp or cold my troubles were increased and my joints would be so stiff and sore that I was hardly able to move about, and often unable to dress myself. I used a number of highly recommended medicines, but they had no effect whatever on me, and I came to Colorado hoping to regain my health, but failed to obtain the relief I had hoped for. A gentleman in the house where I lived advised me to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and in four months and a half after I began using it I was a well man, and have had no touch of it for the past seven months."

The sole motive for substitution is to permit the dealer to make the little more profit paid by the sale of less meritorious medicines. He gains; you lose. Therefore accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. These tiny, sugar-coated anti-bilious granules regulate and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Do not beget the "pill habit," but cure constipation. One or two each day for a laxative and regulator, three or four for an active cathartic. Once tried always in favor. Put up in vials; always fresh and reliable.

Threatened Car Famine

All the Big Railroad Companies Need Cars for Carrying Coal

The greatest car famine in history threatens the coal carrying roads of the country. So serious has the situation become that the New York Central, Pennsylvania, Baltimore & Ohio have issued orders prohibiting the use of cars except for the transportation of coal on their own lines or for the shipment of consignments originating on their roads and intended for immediate delivery on some connecting line. The shortage on the Pennsylvania road is so great that bituminous operators in Central Pennsylvania have been compelled to restrict their production. Transportation offices of the Reading and Pennsylvania have been besieged by mine operators begging more cars. They are placing their car orders for weeks ahead, but are given no assurance except that all shall share alike in the supply of cars as they accumulate each day. The apportionment is made in proportion to the production of each company and each operator is doing his best to increase his share of available cars. It is believed that this unusual transportation of coal is in anticipation of a strike, for which the coal companies are preparing by unusual storage.

Bloomsburg Fair.

The Columbia County Agricultural Society will hold its 51st annual exhibition on October 10-11-12 and 13. From all indications the coming Fair will eclipse all former ones. An attractive speed program has been arranged as follows: Wednesday October 11, 2:18 Pacing, 2:27 Trotting and 2:40 class for County horses. Thursday Oct 12, 2:15 Pacing, 2:17 Trotting, 2:21 Pacing and free for all county horses. Friday Oct. 13, 2:10 Class, 2:22 Trotting and 2:25 Pacing.

Free attractions will consist of Parkers Trained Dogs, White and Lamart Acrobats, and Tessier on Wire and Trapeze, making six acts, daily in front of grand stand.

The poultry department will be a show in itself.

All are most cordially invited to continue contributing to the success of the Fair by exhibiting the products of the Farm and Household.

HUMPHREYS'

Veterinary Specifics cure diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and Poultry by acting directly on the SICK PART? without loss of time.

A. A. CURES } FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES } SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES } SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.
D. D. CURES } WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES } COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.
F. F. CURES } COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES } KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES } SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. CURES } BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

50c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

☞ BOOK MAILED FREE.

FOOD VALUE OF BANANAS.

They Are Not, Like Some Fruits, Good Only for Their Flavor.

Professors of dietetics tell us that the banana is not, as many fruits are, a flavor and nothing more, but a food and a source of real nutriment. It is at once useful and delicious. It not only gratifies the palate, but supplies material for combustion and the maintenance of animal heat, while it also builds up the muscles and repairs the worn and threadbare nerves.

The flour made from it in its dried state is equal in nutritive value to rice, and how invigorating and sustaining rice is has been demonstrated in the recent achievements of the Japanese. Dried and sprinkled with sugar, a form in which it has been recently introduced in this country, the upstart banana is, weight for weight, as nutritious as the venerable fig.

But it is in the fresh state that the banana chiefly appeals to us. Its creamy succulence and delicate odor are inviting, and its pleasant sapor is a prelude to good digestion. Dependent as that sapor is in ethereal body, which the coal tar investigators have not yet been able to imitate by chemical essence, it is a subtle stimulus to all subsequent elementary processes. And thus it is that the banana is an eminently digestible food. No sense of oppression or drowsiness follows a meal of it, and a meal of it may be bulky enough.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Queer Case of Graft.

The Russian press has been full of accounts of a mysterious discovery of gold on one of the trains arriving at Samara. Three large cases, supposed to contain Red Cross medical supplies, were found to be stuffed with gold not paper money to the amount of 1,500,000 roubles, which had apparently been shipped from the front. The gendarmerie took the matter in hand. An investigation was ordered promptly and as promptly suppressed, apparently by high authority.

The Nowosti, commenting on the incident, remarks: "That robbery of state property goes on in the far east we knew long ago. That it also exists in the west, south and north as well as in the center, we also had reason to believe; but the case under notice is interesting, because upon the first count the money amounted to a million roubles, but upon being counted by the police it amounted to about 900,000.

"Being then placed under 'control,' it had, of course, to be counted again, when it was found to be 'about' 640,000 roubles. The arithmetic of the various departments the money passed through varied so considerably that the sum presently dwindled to 500,000 roubles. The higher authorities, having now stepped in, it is to be presumed that further countings will take place, and by the time the wealth reaches the consignee it is hardly likely to amount to double figures." Such is graft in the czar's dominions.

Mushrooms in Bricks.

The work of the plant bureau is in character almost infinitely varied. Take for example the successful experiments recently made in the growing of improved varieties of mushrooms. If you will visit the town of Columbia, Mo., you will find there a great establishment with surroundings which suggest a brickyard in full operation. It is, in fact, a brick factory, but the bricks which are stacked in huge piles out of doors, are not of clay, but of mushroom spawn—spawn, that is to say, of a superior quality, guaranteed to produce much finer mushrooms than those hitherto purchasable in the markets.

This industry is the outcome of a discovery, made by one of the plant bureau's experts, that it was practicable to introduce small bits of mushrooms into bottles of sterilized manure, and, when the thread-like vegetation of the fungus had run all through the manure, to use the latter for the seeding of mushroom beds. Inasmuch as only the largest and finest mushrooms are chosen for the purpose, the spawn obtained is of a superior variety and yields mushrooms of corresponding quality. By mixing it with heaps of compost the latter is soon converted into spawn of like high grade, which, made into bricks, finds a ready market at a very remunerative price.—Outing Magazine.

Blasting with Acetylene.

A new process for using calcium carbide in blasting is described by Guedras in the Comptes Rendus. A sheet iron cylinder is use as a cartridge. It has three separate compartments—one containing calcium carbide, another water, and the third only air and an electric fuse. The cartridge is placed in the drill hole, the latter closed by a wooden plug, and the water in the cartridge then allowed, by a special device, to flow into the carbide compartment. After about five minutes, during which time the cartridge has become filled with a mixture of acetylene and air under high pressure, the electric fuse is ignited by a current, and a violent explosion results.

A Japanese Lighting Plant.

The Osaka Electric Light Co. of Osaka, Japan, a city of 800,000 people, is equipped entirely with American electrical apparatus, including six turbines, also made in Schenectady, N. Y. This company has a paid up capital of $1,200,000 and is so progressive that it is on a par with some of the best American electric lighting companies.

Wood for Pencils.

The amount of wood which is used every year for the manufacture of pencils is almost incredible. Nearly 4,000 acres of cedar trees are cut down annually for this purpose alone, and of these 2,000 acres are in Florida. In Bavaria alone there are some forty pencil factories.

PLUMMER AGAINST LABOR

Miners' Legislative Committee Convicts Him of Duplicity.

He Deliberately Blocked Legislation Favorable to Workingmen, Repeatedly Violated His Pledges, and His Friends Boisterously Applauded the Epithet, "The Miners Be Damned."

The official report of the legislative committee of the United Mine Workers for the Second district of this state covering the session of the legislature of 1905, would make exceedingly interesting as well as peculiarly appropriate campaign literature at this time. At a convention for the district held in Altoona in 1904 certain legislation of interest and advantage to miners was outlined and endorsed. A committee consisting of Edward Fisher, James Hamilton and George B. Parks was named by the convention to present the proposed legislation and urge its favorable consideration. The report in question is the official account of their labors, experiences and operations in Harrisburg.

The proposed legislation consisted of three measures, the hope of the passage of which has long been cherished by the miners not only of that district but in all parts of the state. They were respectively an employers' liability bill, a bill providing for the examination of mine superintendents, foremen and miners, and a bill for the appointment of a commission to revise the mining laws generally. The miners had been promised all these measures and the committee of the Second district entered upon their duties serenely confident of success. They knew exactly what they wanted, precisely how to convey their thoughts to others and had the industry and persistence necessary to achieve results.

Failure of Fond Expectations.

But the gentlemen of the committee soon realized that their fond expectations were destined to be disappointed. The machine managers sitting in the seclusion of the Boas mansion were serving the corporations rather than the people and promptly issued orders for the defeat of all the bills. They were not to be executed in a brutal manner, it is true. On the contrary, the greatest delicacy was to be exercised in the operation and the influential gentlemen of the committee were to be "jollied" along in the most soothing manner. The committee worked night and day and argued incessantly while the legislators listened attentively and professed the deepest interest in the subject. But the interest was not in the passage of the measures. It was in the defeat of them without betraying the purpose in advance of the event. In other words the scheme was to kill the proposed legislation while professing sympathy for the policies expressed in the measures. It was to fool all the miners all the time.

Two of the bills, that for the examination of mine superintendents and foremen and that for the revision of the mining laws carried appropriations and having been referred to the committee of which J. Lee Plummer was chairman, that gentleman received most of their attention. He was profuse in assurances of friendliness but never reported any progress with the work. Finally the reasons of failure in this respect were revealed in an accidental way. Representative Smith, of Indiana county, had been urgent for the bills at various times and at a meeting of the committe importuned with unusual ferver whereupon Chairman Plummer rebuked him sharply and threatened his legislative interests. This so incensed Smith that he left the room.

Report of the Committee.

The official report of the miners' committee is signed by Messrs. Fisher and Hamilton and is voluminous and explicit. In part it says:

"March 28.—Up to this date none of our bills has been reported from the several committees, but ever since we submitted them to their care we have used every effort and every possible means we could think of in urging their consideration in order that they might be presented before the house.

"The liability bill had another hearing today. National Secretary Treasurer Wilson spoke in behalf of the bill and showed the necessity for the passage of such a bill. The house having an afternoon session all further hearing on the bill was postponed until 8 P. M. The committee reconvened at 8 P. M. when the opposition to the liability bill was again given a hearing.

"When the hearing was finished the committee went into executive session. Many of the committee were not present when the vote was taken to have the bill sent to the house. The motion to present was lost by two votes. The bill was then referred to a sub-committee for the purpose of considering it and referring it to the committee again on Thursday.

"March 29.—Boulton informed your committee that McWhinney had waived a hearing on the other three bills, claiming that the commission bill would cover all. The commission bill is still in the hands of the appropriations committee.

Plummer Suggests a Corrupt Bargain.

"March 30.—Your committee received the information from Representatives Boulton and Smith that Plummer, the chairman of the appropriations committee, WOULD GET THE COMMISSION BILL OUT FOR THEM IF THEY AND CERTAIN OTHER MEMBERS FROM THE COUNTRY DISTRICTS WOULD GET IN LINE AND VOTE FOR CERTAIN MEASURES THE RING WAS DESIROUS OF PASSING.

"This Representative Smith, of Indiana, and Boulton, of Clearfield, had refused to do up to this time. Smith, of Indiana, accompanied your committee just before the house convened this afternoon to see Plummer, and endeavor to get the bill out of committee. At first we could get no satisfaction. Finally Brother Hamilton informed Plummer that he understood that he, Plummer, was aspiring for the nomination, and that if he was successful in securing the nomination and intended to run for state treasurer at the next election, that his attitude in connection with our bills would not entitle him to expect any support from the miners of District No. 2 or the workers throughout the state. Plummer then promised to give the bill his careful attention at the earliest opportunity."

Plummer's Attitude Toward Labor Interests.

The report continues: "In harmony with the statement made at the commencement of our report, we desire to present a more detailed statement in connection with the attitude of Plummer in the treatment of our bills. We stated that one of the reasons we had in view in presenting our report was that the friends of labor and its enemies, both open and concealed, should be unveiled for the future benefit of all concerned, both to those who might be sent in the capacity of legislative committees to Harrisburg and to the voter who might inquire for the record of any candidate serving at present as representative, and who might again solicit their suffrage in electing him to some elective office.

"Representative Plummer is aspiring for the office of state treasurer, one of the most important offices within the gift of the people of this commonwealth. This office should only be filled by men of the most sterling worth and character. He must by all means be clean and honest, pure and open and above board, in all his dealings.

"As Mr. Plummer was the chairman of the appropriations committee, he was the principal member of this committee with whom your committee came in contact in looking after the measures submitted to the care of the appropriations committee. Whether Plummer voiced the sentiments of the majority of the committee in the majority of the interviews with us or not we are unable to say, or whether his expressions and attitude were individual and simply his own personal expressions.

"His expressions, according to your committee, were not considered as friendly to the legislation submitted by the miners. That he was not open and above board your committee thinks the statement already made in connection with his offer to Representatives Smith and Boulton, offering them to give this bill submitted to his committee consideration if they would support one of the most rotten measures presented to the legislature, a measure so unfair that it had already been vetoed twice by the governor, who gave as one of his reasons for vetoing it that it was not necessary, and thus created a means for a useless expenditure of money.

Will Continue to Serve the Machine.

"IT IS THE OPINION OF YOUR COMMITTEE THAT A MAN WHO WILL SCHEME AND WORK FOR THE CREATION OF USELESS OFFICES TO KEEP 'RING CRONIES' IN LUXURY, THUS CAUSING THE EXPENDITURE OF LARGE SUMS OF THE PEOPLE'S MONEY USELESSLY, AT ONE TIME, WILL CONTINUE TO DO SO WITH INCREASED OPPORTUNITIES.

"To substantiate our reasons for stating that we did not believe that his attitude to our bills would entitle him to fill the capacity of a representative of labor, he was a representative but he was not a representative of the people and representing other interests in which the following summary review of our dealings with him while at Harrisburg, and a few citations from the conversations brought out during our interviews will prove:

"During one of our conversations after the commission bill had passed the house on second reading and had been referred to the committee on appropriations, the failure on the part of this committee in reporting any bills until on or about the 21st of March, your committee, as before stated, realizing the importance of getting the bill out at the earliest possible moment, sought to use every effort to accomplish this purpose. We were informed that our bill would be presented in the order in which it was received, that this was the rule.

Plummer Discriminated Against Miners.

"We did not wish to deviate from any established rule, even if it were possible for us to persuade the committee to do so. If this was their method of doing business and they followed it out unbiased, we considered their method fair; but FOR SOME REASON UNKNOWN TO US PLUMMER WOULD NOT LET THE COMMISSION BILL COME BEFORE THE COMMITTEE. We demanded an explanation from Plummer for his attitude in connection with refusing to allow this bill to come before his committee, and thus blocking it from coming before the house.

"HE PROMISED TO GIVE IT CONSIDERATION. INSTEAD OF CARRYING OUT THIS PROMISE, HE PROCEEDED TO TURN THE MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE DOWN WHO WERE FAVORABLE TO THE BILL, EVEN ASKING REPRESENTATIVE SMITH, OF GLEN CAMPBELL, HIS REASONS FOR BEING SO MUCH INTERESTED IN THE BILL. To this Mr. Smith replied that he considered the coal miners needed protection; that it was a craft fraught with great danger, both to health and life of those engaged in this particular industry. The miners demanded this legislation, and in his opinion were in a position, should it become necessary, to take care of themselves and get their demands enforced in the future. The actions of Plummer were so biased that Mr. Smith left the committee room in disgust with Plummer's attitude. "MR. SMITH CLOSING THE DOOR WAS SUCCEEDED BY BOISTEROUS LAUGHTER BY PLUMMER'S FRIENDS, WHO JEERINGLY REMARKED: 'THE MINERS BE DAMNED.'"

"The using of this epithet by Plummer and his friends was reported to Mr. Greenawalt the following morning by one of the members of the committee who remained and was friendly to the miners.

"Next morning Smith went to Plummer and asked him if his attitude of the previous evening was to be considered as an indication of the policy he intended to pursue in connection with the miners' bill; if no, Plummer, intended to stand by his actions of the previous evening. Mr. Smith threatened to report his action to your committee, coupled also with the threat, which seemed to be the only thing that could be used to get him to promise fairly, that if his attitude was reported to the committee it would do Plummer considerable injury. Plummer again promised Smith that he would have the bill reported out the following week, the house having adjourned for the present week.

Plummer Is Unfriendly to Labor.

"After the house reconvened and the bill was not reported by Plummer's committee, we came to the conclusion that it was a continuation of his old policy of evasion. We then determined to get after some of the Republican politicians who were considered to be Plummer's superiors in the party. They also elicited a promise from him that he would take action on the bill immediately. He delayed this until the time was too short to get it through the senate.

"PLUMMER'S WHOLE ATTITUDE IN CONNECTION WITH THIS BILL WAS ONE OF EVASION AND UNFULFILLED PROMISES.

"Your committee would be charitable to all men, and in rendering this report it is not our desire to present any charge against any person or persons who did not concede to all our wants and requirements. Every man has a right to his individual opinion, and your committee would honor every man who renders an expression of his individuality. We would not judge and condemn any man as being unfavorable to us and the measures committed to our charge simply because he did not coincide with us in all our methods and measures; but in reporting to the officials and the executive board of this, the strongest representative organizaion of labor in Central Pennsylvania, we are passing our unbiased opinion on Mr. Plummer's attitude toward the laborer by using his attitude to us and our bill as evidence. WE WOULD SAY TO OUR FELLOWCRAFTSMEN IN DISTRICT NO. 2, WHOSE SERVANTS WE WERE DURING OUR ATTEMPT TO SECURE THE PASSAGE OF THE VARIOUS BILLS, THAT MR. PLUMMER IS NOT FOR US, AND THAT HE WHO IS NOT FOR US, ACCORDING TO THE EXPERIENCE OF YOUR COMMITTEE, IS AGAINST US.

Plummer Against the Liability Bill Also.

On April 3 the house again reconvened. When the time came for the presentation of resolutions, Representative Schofield presented the following resolution:

"'Resolved, That house bill known as the general liability bill be taken out of the hands of the judiciary committee and come before the house as a committee of the whole.'"

"Both Scofield and Garner made lengthy and very able speeches in favor of the bill and the resolution. Garner named the judiciary committee the 'legislative graveyard.' It is needless to say, with the antagonism shown by those who were antagonistic to the bill and the methods used by those who were representatives of the entire people in the practice of their retarding policy, with the evidence submitted, that the bill was overwhelmingly defeated. The vote stood 14 for placing the bill on the house calendar and 111 against.

Influential Outsiders Appealed To.

"On April 4 we interviewed Smith and Boulton and they interviewed Plummer and secured the promise from Plummer, as previously stated.

"April 5—Still no report from the committee, but we were assured that it would be reported out that night before the house convened. Evening again came, with Plummer's promise unfulfilled.

"April 6—Brother Hamilton went to Captain Delaney and asked him if he could not do something to get the bill out. Delaney stated that there was but one chance left. He would see Durham.

"April 7—Delaney reported that he had seen Durham and Durham had notified Plummer to discontinue his opposition to the bill. This Plummer promised to do, stating, however, that it was impossible to report before Monday morning.

"Your committee, realizing that the session was too far expended to encourage any possible hope of getting the bill through the senate and to continue staying in Harrisburg, when, in the estimation of your committee, the purpose of our mission could not be accomplished at this session, was only a needless expenditure of time and money, left for home."

PLUMMER HAS NO CLAIM

Life-Long Republican Denounces the Republican Candidate For State Treasurer As a Toady of the Gang.

(Robert J. Bolton in Philadelphia Public Ledger.)

The writer has voted the Republican ticket on national questions for 40 years, and for about 25 years has just as conscientiously voted against the various rings and gangs who have steadily robbed this city and state as a corrupt and criminal combination masquerading under the stolen name of the Republican party. The time for which he has long hoped now seems to be coming; a bright ray of light is shining ahead, and to win, all that is needed is individual effort and concentrated energy.

While the City Party is mainly interested in the city offices, still the writer fails to see any reason why any voter who prefers purity in city affairs should vote for corruption in state affairs by supporting for state treasurer that toady of the gang, Plummer, who was forced upon the party by the Penrose gang solely as a reward for his conduct in the state legislature.

Plummer has no more right to the support of any Republican who owns himself than has the stool pigeon ticket concocted by Durham, McNichol, Lane, Martin and the rest of the despicable gang who have brought the once-honored party of Lincoln in Philadelphia down to be a reproach throughout the length and breadth of the United States. Mayor Berry, of Chester, the candidate of all parties who are against the Penrose gang, is the peer of any man on our City Party ticket and just as deserving of election as they are.

She Can't Enjoy The Baby

Unless she is a healthy mother. No woman can. If the baby has drained her vitality; if its care is a tax; if, in short, the baby is a burden instead of a blessing, how can she enjoy it? She loves it, but she cannot feed it. She yearns for it, but has not the strength to fondle it.

There is nothing more beautiful in the world than a healthy mother and her healthy child. The madonna is the highest reach of human art. In the serene strength which art gives to the typical mother and child there is distinct denial of suffering and weakness as a necessity of motherhood. But how few women are there to whom motherhood is naturally an abiding joy. In how many cases a woman dates her loss of health from the birth of her child! To all such suffering women Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription comes as a veritable god-send. It prepares the mother for her hour of trial, tranquilizes her nerves, encourages her appetite, and brings her restful sleep. It makes the baby's advent practically painless, and gives the mother abundant strength to nurse and nourish her child.

Every claim made for "Favorite Prescription" is supported by the testimonials of wives and mothers, thousands in number, and covering in their several experiences the whole range of womanly suffering. In a great number of cases after the utter failure of all doctors and medicines, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, tried as a last resort, has effected a perfect and permanent cure.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter *free*. All womanly confidences held under the seal of strict professional privacy. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription" and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine, and all other narcotics.

Between Life and Death.

"I think Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery' the best medicines in the world," writes Mrs. Amelia Doughcity, of Kerrigan, Wayne Co., Mo. "My baby was born last summer. After baby came I became ill, had the best physician that could be got, and he diagnosed my case as uterine trouble tending to dropsy. Medicine seemed to do me no good; I lingered between life and death for quite a while, every day growing weaker, until I could not walk across the room. My friends were looking for my death every minute. A friend wrote and told me about Dr. R. V. Pierce, and I at once wrote to him for medical advice. He replied immediately, giving me full instructions as to what to do, and I at once followed his advice, and when I had taken his medicine about a week I felt a good deal stronger. When I had taken it about one month I felt as strong as I do to-day. I took four bottles of each kind and two vials of 'Pleasant Pellets.' Many thanks for the medicine. It has cured me permanently."

Gained 40 Pounds.

"I am very glad to let other poor sufferers know what Dr. Pierce's medicines have done for me," writes Mrs. Edwin H. Gardner, of Beechwood, Norfolk Co., Mass., Box 70. "You know I wrote to you last summer. I read what your medicine had done for other people, so thought I would try it, and I found that is was a blessing to me and my family. I began in June and took six bottles of your medicine, and three vials of 'Pellets.' I took your medicine a year when I had a ten pound girl. I had the easiest time I ever had with any of my three children. I have been very well since I took your medicine. I took three bottles of 'Favorite Prescription,' three of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and three vials of 'Pellets.' I had no appetite and could not eat much without it distressing me before I took your 'Favorite Prescription' and I only weighed 135 pounds. Now I weigh 175 pounds."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets commend themselves as a family laxative. They are easy to take, effective in results, and their use does not beget the pill habit.

GOOD ADVICE.

Take a daily bath the temperature of the body; do not use the cold plunge without a physician's advice.

Sleep eight hours out of each twenty-four.

Sleep on the right side and have a window open.

Do not place the bed in an alcove or too close to the wall; see that it is in a position to receive plenty of fresh air without being right in a draught.

Spend as much time as possible out of doors, and take some little exercise before breakfast.

Eat very little meat, but have that well cooked.

Resulutely throw aside all bothers and perplexities before retiring—never go to bed directly after working hard at night. Try to take some little relaxation before the regular bed hour.

Learn the possibilities of and the limitations to your strength, and never do more than can be accomplished without over fatigue.

Avoid wrinkling the brows or screwing up the eyes when thinking or in a glare—such contortions of countenance are unnecessary and extremely unbecoming.

Keep the body in good physical condition, with strict regard for diet, bathing and exercise.

Do not try all the "cures" and fancies suggested by friends until you have found from your physician whether such treatment will benefit your particular case. Few people suffer from exactly the same symptoms.

To Fight San Jose Scale

A Systematic Campaign to be Waged for the Suppresston of the Pest

State Zoologist Surface has planned a systematic campaign for the suppression of the San Jose scale. Experts will be sent into every locality in which there is any evidence of the pest with a spraying apparatus to show how to apply the insecticides known to be effective in suppressing scale. The campaign will open on November 1st, on which date there will be meetings in the court houses of the worst-infected centres, at which experts will be present and give talks to fruit growers on San Jose scale and kindred pests. At these meetings the experts will examine all twigs, leaves and fruits brought to determine what pests may be present and to learn in what part of the various counties the scale exists. From these meetings the experts—twenty in number—will go at once to the districts in which there is known to be scale and give practical demonstrations of how to fight it. The records of the Zoology Bureau show that the only counties in which there is no evidence of scale are Butler, Clinton, Cameron, Columbia, Clarion, Elk, Forest, Green, Indiana, Jefferson, Lawrence, McKean, Monroe, Montour, Pike, Potter, Snyder, Susquehanna, Tioga, Warren, Washington, Wayne and Sullivan. Zoologist Surface has said that before the bureau began fighting scale in Pennsylvania there were only seven counties in which there was no evidence, and that he was confident if tree growers and others followed the instructions of the experts who are about to be sent among them they will soon get rid of the scale. The experts have been instructed to report at State College on October 16th for two weeks' special instruction in orchard culture, care of trees and the destruction of pests. The expenses of this campaign will be paid out of the appropriation of $30,000 made by the last legislature for the suppression of scale.

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.

Estate of W. H. Furman, late of the town of Bloomsburg, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of W. H. Furman, late of the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pa., deceased, have been granted to Wardie Keller Furman, resident of said town of Bloomsburg, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

WARDIE KELLER FURMAN,
JOHN G. HARMAN, Executrix.
Attorney. 10-12 6t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Lev Facias issued out of the court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, and to me directed there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, Pa., on

SATURDAY, OCT. 21st, 1905,

at 2 o'clock p. m.

All that certain piece, or parcel of land situate on the southwardly side of Cemetery street in the Borough of Berwick, Columbia County, Pa., bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a point on the southwardly side of said Cemetery street seventy one and one-half feet distant from Mulbury street; thence eastwardly along Cemetery street a distance of fifty-two feet to a sixteen foot alley; thence southwardly along the same a distance of fifty feet to lot number forty-seven; thence westwardly along same a distance of fifty-two feet to a corner; thence northwardly and parallel with Mulbury street a distance of fifty feet to Cemetery street the place of beginning, containing two thousand six hundred square feet of land, whereon is erected a

LARGE, NEW TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

and out-buildings, with all modern improvements.

Also, all the right, title and interest of the defendant in all that certain lot of land situate on the southwardly side of Spring Garden Avenue, in the Borough of West Berwick in the county of Columbia, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: On the east by lot No. 44, on the south by a fifteen foot alley, on the west by lot No 42, and on the north by Spring Garden Avenue, being forty-five feet in width by one hundred and seventy feet in depth, containing seven thousand six hundred and fifty square feet of land and being numbered and designated as lot No. 43 of Woodin, Eaton & Dicksons addition to the Borough of West Berwick, Pa. The same being a vacant lot.

Seized, taken in exacution at the suit of The Berwick National Bank vs. O. C. Hess and to be sold as the property of O. C. Hess.

C. C. EVANS, Atty. W. W. BLACK, Sheriff.

Professional Cards.

N. U. FUNK.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Ent's Building, Court House Square,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office, in Townsend's Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on Centre Street, 1st door below Opera House.

H. A. McKILLIP,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA

A. N. YOST.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Ent Building Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRED IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office Over First National Bank,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Ent's Building,

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Corner of Third and Main Sts
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Will be in Orangeville Wednesday each week.

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' Building over J. G. Wells' Hardware Store, Bloomsburg.
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office:—Ent building, over Farmers Na on 11-16-99

EDWARD. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue

MONTOUR TELEPHONE. BELL TELEPHONE
EYES TESTED, GLASSES FITTED.
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THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes tested and fitted with glasses.
No Sunday work.
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DR. M. J. HESS,
DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
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SPECIALTY,
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Columbia & Montour Telephone connection.

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office Barton's Building, Main below Mark
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,000,5
Penn'a, Phila.....	400,000	3,825,160	1,419,
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,538,918	1,021,6
Westchester, N Y	300,000	1,758,307	428,
N. America, Phila.	5,000,000	9,750,689	2,864

Office—First Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
All claims promptly adjusted and paid.

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GENERAL INSURANCE
Office 238 Iron St., BLOOMSBURG,
Oct. 31, 1901. tf

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street
Large and convenient sample rooms, ba rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wine an liquors. First-class livery attached.

EXCHANGE HOTEL
I. A. SNYDER, Proprietor.
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms, ba rooms hot and cold water, and all a modern conveniences.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1905.

STATE HAPPENINGS.

—Sylvester E. Smith of Clarke street, South Williamsport, an agent for the Singer Sewing Machine company, left home on the morning of September 26 and since that time nothing has been heard of him.

—The Watkins Glen property was sold at Sheriff's sale last week on a mortgage of $14,000. A second mortgage of $22,500 was held by the Green estate which donght in the property. It seems curious that this wonder resort is not a paying institution.

—Mt. Carmel is rejoicing over a new industry secured in the shape of a silk ribbon mill, to be built by Albert and Harman Levy of New York City. It will be a two-story building, 50 by 150 feet in size and its full running capacity will employ from 900 to 1,000 men, women, boys and girls.

—The apple crop in York county is largest in many years. Trees everywhere are loaded down and in most orchards it is necessary to use props to prevent the limbs from snapping. During several days last week 15,000 bushels of apples were delivered to the applejack distillery at Bentley Springs, Md.

—Arrangements are now being made to transfer the contract for the new $1,000,000 Court House at Wilkes-Barre from Wilson J. Smith to Carlucci Brothers, of Scranton. It is expected this will put an end to the frequent legal fights between contractors and architects which have delayed the work on the building.

—The contract for the erection of the Brown Memorial library building at Williamsport has been let to Edwin Gilbert & Co., of Philadelphia, the price being $111,359. The structure will be of marble and will be a fine piece of architecture. The interior furnishings will cost about $25.000, and it is expected that $20 000 will be expended for books at the outset.

—Governor Pennypacker has postponed the dedication of the Pennsylvania monuments at Andersonville until December 7; at Vicksburg December 9, and at Chattanooga December 12. These monuments were to have been dedicated in November, but owing to the prevalence of yellow fever in the South the dates were changed by the Governor at the request of the several commissions by which they were erected.

—Investigation has revealed the fact that Thos. J. Scott, the geologist and mining engineer who was found dead in a shaft near Belsena, Clearfield county, and who was thought to have met his death as a result of an accident, was in reality murdered. His empty purse and papers were found 200 yards from the mine, and there were evidences of a desperate struggle. The theory is that he was slain and his body carried into the mine to hide evidence of the crime.

—Farmers of Westmoreland county have organized a protective association against pot hunters. They have regular officers, a prosecuting committee and funds to pay legal expenses. Trespass notices giving extracts from the laws are posted on each farm. Members have agreed to give permission to men who go shooting for sport to hunt under certain conditions, but the pot hunter, especially foreigners, will not be allowed on the property of the members.

Catarrh

Is a constitutional disease originating in impure blood and requiring constitutional treatment acting through and purifying the blood for its radical and permanent cure. Be sure to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Nasal and other local forms of catarrh are quickly relieved by Catarrlets, which allay inflammation and deodorize discharge.
Hood's Sarsaparilla, all druggists, $1.
Catarrlets, mail order only, 50 cts.
For testimonials of remarkable cures send for our Book on Catarrh, No. 4.
C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

REDUCED RATES

The Bloomsburg & Sullivan R. R. Co. will run an extra Train on account of the Bloom Fair, on Friday, October 13, 1905. Excursion tickets including admission to the Fair will be sold at reduced rates at all stations commencing October 10th, good to return Monday, October 16th, 1905

Good accommodations will be provided and every effort made to have trains on time. Indications are that the coming Fair will be the great event of the season, no pains have been spared by the Association to make it attractive, interesting and profitable to all.

Please notice the following schedule of additional train and reduced rates including Admission. Special train South will not run out to D. L. & W. Depot, but will stop at Fifth street.

Leave Jamison City	7:35	A. M.	
Fare Including Admission,			$1.30
Central,	7:40	a. m.	1.25
Laubachs,	7:56	"	1.15
Coles Creek,	8:05	"	1.05
Edsons,	8:09	"	1.00
Benton,	8:14	"	.95
Stillwater,	8:25	"	.85
Zaners,	8:35	"	.80
Forks,	8:40	"	.70
Orangeville,	8:52	"	.55
LightStreet,	9:02	"	.45
Paper Mill,	9:05	"	.40
FifthStreet,	9:20	"	

On October 13th extra train will leave D. L. & W. Depot at 4:50; P. & R. 4.53; Main St. 5:00 P. M. for Jamison City.

W. C. SNYDER, Supt.

Haunted by Man He Killed

Haunted, day and night, by the ghastly vision of the man whom it is alleged he murdered, Steve Forbes is rapidly losing his mind in the Sunbury prison, and it is believed will soon become a raving maniac.

Forbes is the man who is charged with striking John Cozak on the head with an ax during a christening, Cozak afterwards dying.

Forbes attempted to commit suicide at the jail by cutting his throat with a table knife Sunday afternoon. Since then he has almost constantly paced his cell, night and day, and refusing food, sleeping only when he becomes so exhausted that he can no longer remain awake.

Over a Million Odd Fellows.

The report of Grand Sire Wright of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows shows the total subordinate lodge membership to be 1,217,145; Encampment membership, 177,839; Rebekah membership, 474.059 number of subordinate lodges, 14,315; expenditures for relief, $4,633,949: total revenue, $13,638,791; total resources, $37,645,071. The increase in membership of subordinate lodges was 65,724.

A Matter of Health

There is a quality in Royal Baking Powder which promotes digestion. This peculiarity of Royal has been noted by physicians, and they accordingly use and recommend it exclusively.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

For District Attorney (Second Term),

VOTE FOR

ALBERT W. DUY, of Bloomsburg.

Professor Surface Will Eat a Worm

Professor H. A. Surface of State College, Economic Zoologist of Pennsylvania, declares that he is ready to eat a cabbage worm to prove that a wide spread belief that this particular kind of worm eaten will cause sure death, is entirely unfounded.

Last week a dispatch from Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa., was widely published to the effect that the entire family of Ambrose Sitler, a farmer living near Orangeville, that county, were in dread of sudden death because they feared that they had eaten a cabbage worm.

The dispatch went on to say that while a daughter of the Sitler's was chopping cabbage for a slaw, she saw a long green worm curl itself around the knife in her hand; that terrified her so that she called her father who recognized the worm as one of the dread species of which, it is said, the body is so poisonous that it will cause certain death to anyone who swallows any of it; that these symptoms of poisoning in many cases do not appear for several days and that as the family had been eating cabbages from the same garden they were afraid they had eaten some of the worms.

When the attention of Professor Surface was called to the dispatch he said to a representative of the *Patriot*:

"Such a worm is sometimes found in cabbages but it is absolutely harmless. Nevertheless the belief that it is poisonous has done a great deal of harm. It has almost stopped the sale and consumption and therefore the raising of cabbages in some sections.

"A few years ago the belief was so prevalent in Iowa, and so many farmers stopped planting cabbages because of it, that Professor H. E. Summers, State Zoologist of Iowa, to prove that the worm or "snake," as it is sometimes called, is perfectly innocuous, ate one of them in the presence of respectable witnesses.

"This had the desired effect," continued Professor Surface. "The Iowa farmers began again raising cabbages, and they had no further trouble in selling them. But the belief still exists in other parts and the publication of such stories as the one from Bloomsburg has done much harm.

"To show that the cabbage worm is harmless, if anyone will bring me one I will, in the presence of witnesses, eat it as Professor Summers did."

"Will you eat 'im alive?" he was asked.

"Yes, I'll eat 'im alive," the Professor replied laughing.—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

The Proper Thing to Do

Judge Ehrgood of Lebanon, made a sensible decision last week. A woman had been indicted for "hexing" an infant child of a neighbor and causing its death by witchcraft. The judge very promptly dismissed the case and decreed that the magistrate who returned the case should not be allowed costs. Lebanon is one of the few counties in the state where the practice of bundling still prevails. Bundling and witchcraft are relics of the dark ages. They are not necessarily related, but they are both the legitimate outgrowth of ignorance and superstition. People who believe in hexing may not all indulge in bundling, but bundlers all believe in hexing.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

LOW RATES AND SPECIL TRAINS

To Bloomsburg, Via The Reading Railroad, Account Bloomsburg Fair.

Account of Bloomsburg Fair the Reading Railway will sell excursion tickets to Bloomsburg at rate of one fare for the round trip, on October 10th to 13th inclusive. These tickets will be good going and returning only on date of sale. Special trains will be run Thursday and Friday as follows:

FROM	Leave A. M Special train
Newberry	7.28
Williamsport	7.41
Montoursville	7.51
Halls	8 02
Muncy	8 07
Montgomery	8.17
Allenwood	8.25
White Deer	8.30
New Columbia	8.36
Milton	8.13
West Milton	8.43
Pottsgrove	8.55
Mooresburg	9.05
*Mausdale	9.15
Bloom Street	9.21
Danville	9.25
*Grovania	9.35
Bloomsburg Arrive	9.48

RETURNING, Special Train will leave Bloomsburg 6:10 P. M. for above stations.

FROM	Leave A. M Regular train
Ashland	7.23
Girardville	7.30
Shenandoah	7.10
Mahanoy Plane	9.36
Gilberton	7.41
St. Nicholas	7.47
Mahanoy City	7.53
	Special train
Tamaqua	7 49
Barnesville	8.00
E. M. Junction	8.09
Quakake	8.20
Lofty	8 29
*Girard Manor	8.39
Brandonville	8.45
*Krebs	8 49
Ringtown	8 57
*Ferndale	9 02
*Raricks	9.06
*Beaver Valley	9.12
*Shuma s	9 19
McAuley	9.23
Mainville	9 31
Catawissa	9.45
Bloomsburg Arrive	9.58

RETURNING, Special Train will leave Bloomsburg 5:45 P. M. for Tamaqua and intermediate points, connecting at E. M. Junction with regular train for points west.

*Conductors will issue Excursion tickets from stations marked with a Star.

The Farmer a Big Traveler.

After all, a farmer with a large plantation is the biggest traveler, although he may not get far from home. Some curious Western calculator has found out that the farmer who puts in forty acres of corn travels ninety miles cutting stalks, ninety miles harrowing, ninety miles each for lister and drill, forty-five miles for harrowing, 270 miles not counting trips to and from the field.

DR. KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

Breaks no Hearts, Excuses no Crimes.

Dr. David Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY is not a disguised enemy of the human race; where it cannot help, it does not harm. It is composed of vegetable ingredients and does not heat or inflame the blood but cools and purifies it. In all cases of Kidney troubles, Liver complaints, Constipation of the Bowels, and the delicate derangements which afflict women, the action of Dr. Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY is beyond praise. Thousands of grateful people voluntarily testify to this, in letters to Dr. Kennedy; and with a warmth and fullness of words which mere business certificates never possess. It makes no drunkards—excuses no crimes—breaks no hearts. In its coming there is hope, and in its wings there is healing. We challenge a trial and are confident of the result. Your druggist has it. ONE DOLLAR a Bottle. Bear in mind the name and address: Dr. *David* KENNEDY, Rondout, New York.

Special Coat Values
For Women and Children

Half-tight Kersey Coat $10 00. Women's black, navy and castor half-tight Kersey Coats, 41 in. long—collarless braided at neck, turn back cuffs, plaits down back, half lined with good venetian lining, patch pockets, belted back, great value at $10.00

Black and Castor Kersey Empire Coats with silk velvet inlaid collar, full plaits from yoke, turn back cuff edged with velvet, half lined with venetian, price $12.50

Children's Brown and Navy Heavy Cheviot Coats, full back, with half belt, patch pockets, turn back cuff, brass buttons, emblems on sleeve, regular coat collar, ex ra value at $5.00

R. E. Hartman,
SUCCESSOR TO
I. W. HARTMAN & SON
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Ayer's Pills The dose is one, just one pill at bedtime. Sugar-coated, mild, certain. They cure constipation. J. C. Ayer Co. Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE**

REMOVAL OF DEAD.

Notice is hereby given that it is the intention of the undersigned to remove the remains of the dead in the old Lutheran and Reformed Cemetery at the southeast corner of First and Center streets in the Town of Bloomsburg to the new Rosemont Cemetery on the north side of the Light Street road in pursuance of the Act of Assembly of May 12, 1887, and the decree of the Court of Quarter Sessions dated Sept. 11, 1905, under proceedings for the abandonment of said cemetery.

Notice is also hereby given that the relatives and friends of any of such dead shall have the right to remove the remains in said burial ground at any time during said proceedings of removal at their own expense before actual removal by the undersigned.

Trustees of Saint Matthew's Evangelical Lutheran Church, per Wm. Chrisman, their attorney.
The Reformed Church, per N. U. Funk, their attorney.

NOTICE.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of N. U. Funk or Wm. Chrisman upon Oct. 13, 1905, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the removal of the dead bodies in the cemetery at the southeast corner of First and Center streets in the Town of Bloomsburg to the new Rosemont Cemetery to a plot about 50 rods north of the east entrance of said cemetery and the burial of said bodies, therein as per act of Assembly regulating the removal of dead bodies, also for the removal of said bodies in the manner aforesaid and the ground of said cemetery to conform to a proper grade. Separate bids for either or both will be received.

N. U. Funk, atty. for the Reformed Church.
Wm. Chrisman, atty for St. M. E. L Church

Our Pianos

are the leaders. Our lines include the following makes:

CHAS. M. STIEFF,
HENRY F. MILLER,
BREWER & PRYOR, KOHLER & CAMPBELL, AND RADEL.

IN ORGANS we handle the ESTEY, MILLER, H. LEHR & CO., AND BOWLBY.

This Store has the agency for SINGER HIGH ARM SEWING MACHINES and VICTOR TALKING MACHINES.

WASH MACHINES
Helby, 1900, Queen, Key stone, Majestic.

J. SALTZER,
Music Rooms No. 105 West Main Street, Below Market.
BLOOMSBURG, PA

W. L. Douglas
SHOES

W. L. Douglas $3.00, $3.50 and $4 00 shoes have by their Excellent style, Easy fitting and Superior wearing qualities achieved the largest sale of any shoes of the price in the world.

Fall styles now in stock let us fit you with a pair.

W. H. MOORE,
Corner Main and Iron Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

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BLACK
DIAMOND
WHISKY

7-6 tf.

NOW IS THE TIME
of year when you think of cleaning house, also of cleaning up the rubbish and foul matter which has accumulated about your premises, to guard against sickness, but do you ever give the second thought to the old built-in unsanitary Plumbing Fixtures which breed disease right in your own houses. If you think of installing

NEW FIXTURES

I am ready to quote you good prices on *STANDARD SANITARY MFG. CO'S Enamel Goods*, all fully guaranteed.

All Jobbing of Plumbing and Heating Promptly Attended to.

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